

ANNUAL 2021 REPORT

LEINER PAK GELATINE LTD.

## CONTENTS

| COMPANY INFORMATION  | 1      |
|--|--------|
| NOTICE OF MEETING  | <br>2  |
| VISION / MISSION STATEMENT   | <br>4  |
| CORPORATE STRATEGY   | <br>5  |
| CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW  | <br>6  |
| DIRECTORS' REPORT  | <br>8  |
| STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDITION & WEALTH DISTRIBUTION  | <br>29 |
| STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE<br>WITH LISTED COMPANIES<br>(CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019 | <br>30 |
| INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT  | <br>33 |
| INDEPENDENT AUDITER'S REPORTS  | <br>34 |
| STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION  | <br>38 |
| STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS  | <br>39 |
| STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  | <br>40 |
| STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY   | <br>41 |
| STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  | <br>42 |
| NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  | <br>43 |
| PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING  | <br>72 |
| JAMA PUNJI INFORMATION   | <br>75 |
| FORM OF PROXY  | <br>76 |

# COMPANY INFORMATION BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Ahmed Ali Riaz Chairman

Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed Chief Executive & Managing Director

Ibrar Ahmed KhwajaExecutive DirectorMian Zia-Ud-DinIndependent DirectorIjaz Ahmed KhwajaNon-Executive DirectorAyesha AhmedNon-Executive DirectorRashid MinhasIndependent Director

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Rashid Minhas (Chairman) Ijaz Ahmed Khwaja (Member) Ahmed Ali Riaz (Member)

#### **HUMAN RESOURCE AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Rashid Minhas (Chairman) Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed (Member) Ayesha Ahmed (Member)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ibrar Ahmed Khwaja

#### CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Muhammad Javaid

#### **AUDITORS**

M. Almas & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

207-Sadiq Plaza, 2nd Floor, 69-The Mall, Lahore.

#### **LEGAL ADVISOR**

Labeeb Zafar Bajwa

Advocate

4-A, Mozang Road, Lahore.

#### REGISTRAR

CORPLINK (PVT) LTD.,

Wings Arcade, 1-K Commercial,

Model Town, Lahore.

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

17-G, Gulberg-2, G/Postmall No. 3529, Lahore-54660 Ph. #: 0092-42-35756953-54.

#### **PLANT**

19th Kilometer.

Shahrah-e-Pakistan, Kala Shah Kaku,

District Sheikhupura.

Ph. #: 0092-42-37950018 - 37980179

#### **BANKERS**

Bank Al Habib Limited Summit Bank Limited United Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Bank Islami Pakistan Limited

MCB Bank Limited-Islamic Banking Bank Alfalah Limited-Islamic Banking

### LEINER PAK GELATINE LIMITED.



# DON'T ONLY ASK FOR GELATINE! INSIST ON "HALAL" GELATINE AND ITS PRODUCTS

#### NOTICE OF 38<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 38<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of LEINER PAK GELATINE LTD., will be held on Thursday, the 28<sup>th</sup> October, 2021 at 10.00 A.M. at the Registered office of the Company, 17/G, Gulberg-2, Lahore-54660 to transact the following business:

- 1. Recitation from the Holy Quran.
- To confirm the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on Wednesday, 28th October, 2020.
- 3. To receive and adopt the Annual Accounts of the Company for the Year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2021 together with Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 4. To appoint the Auditors of the Company for the year ending 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2022 and to fix their remuneration.

#### **Ordinary Business**

5. To transact or discuss any other business with the permission of the Chair.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD,

(IBRAR AHMED KHWAJA), COMPANY SECRETARY.

LAHORE:

DATED: 07th October, 2021.

#### NOTES:

- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 22<sup>nd</sup> October, 2021 to 28<sup>th</sup> October, 2021 (both days inclusive). Shares may be lodged for transfer with our Registrar M/s CORPLINK (PVT) LTD., Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial, Model Town, Lahore. Phone Nos: 042-35839182, 35887262, 35916719 Fax No: 042-35869037.
- 2. The Shareholders are advised to notify the Registrar of any change in their address.
- 3. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as proxy to attend and vote instead of him. The Proxy Form duly signed and stamped must be received at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 4. Any individual beneficial owner of the share in the Central Depository Company (CDC) entitled to vote at this meeting with him/her to prove him/her identity together with his/her Account number in CDC and in case of proxy, must enclose an attested copy of his/her CNIC. Representative of Corporate Members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose.
- 5. Pursuant to the directive of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), CNIC numbers of shareholders are mandatory required on dividend warrants. Shareholders are therefore requested to submit a copy of their CNIC (if not already provided) to the Shares Registrar. In case of non-receipt of the copy of a valid CNIC, the company would be unable to comply with SRO 831(1)/2012 dated July 05, 2012 of SECP and therefore will be constrained under SECP order dated July 13, 2015 to withhold the dispatch of dividend warrants of such shareholders.
- 6. Shareholders, who by any reason, could not claim their dividend or bonus shares or did not collect their physical shares, are advised to contact our Share Registrar M/s Corplink (Pvt) Limited. to collect / enquire about their unclaimed dividend or pending shares, if any.

- 7. Pursuant to Notification vide SRO.787(1)/2014 of September 08, 2014, SECP has directed to facilitate the members of the company receiving Annual Financial Statements and Notices through electronic mail system (e-mail). We are pleased to offer this facility to our members who desire to receive Annual Financial Statements and Notices of the Company through e-mail in future. In this respect members are hereby requested to convey their consent via e-mail on a standard request form which is available at the Company website i.e. www.leinerpakgelatine.com.
- 8. As per section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 every existing listed company shall be required to replace its physical shares with book-entry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by the SECP. The shareholders having physical shareholding are therefore requested to open CDC sub-account with any of the brokers or investor account directly with CDC to place their physical shares into scrip less form.
- 9. Members can also avail video conference facility, in this regard, please fill the following and submit to registered address of the Company 10 days before holding of the Annual General Meeting. If the Company received consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 10 days prior date of the meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility in the city subject to availability of such facility in that city.

| "I/We,     |     |          |          | of       |     |     | , being | g a member   |          |     |
|------------|-----|----------|----------|----------|-----|-----|---------|--------------|----------|-----|
| of Leiner  | Pak | Gelatine | limited, | holder o | f   |     | 01      | rdinary Shar | e(s) as  | per |
| Registered | Fol | io No.   |          | hereby   | opt | for | video   | conference   | facility | at  |
| 1          |     | ."       |          |          |     |     |         |              |          |     |
|            |     |          |          |          |     |     |         |              |          |     |

### **VISION STATEMENT**

Continue to lead the domestic industry in Gelatine manufacturing with technology and quality of the product along with persistent recognition in international market in the line of code of conduct and best practices of corporate governance.

#### **MISSION**

The mission of the management of the company is to focus on the vision and its accomplishment by:

- Adoption of advanced technologies in Gelatine manufacturing.
- Investment in human resources to create and strengthen professional environment.
- Developing company's code of conduct and pursuance of best practices of corporate governance.
- Exploring new international markets with the satisfaction of existing customers.
- Continuous improvement of quality system, environmental management system from ISO-9001:2000, ISO 14000 (already obtained) to other achievements of quality management.
- Fetching and delivering healthy returns to all stakeholders.
- Contribution towards economic and social uplift of employees and community in general.

### **CORPORATE STRATEGY**

#### **OBJECTIVES**

Our corporate strategy is very much in line with vision and mission statement. Strategic objectives are covering the following areas.

- · Sustainable growth.
- Promotion for efficient use of energy.
- Innovation in product line.
- · Customer satisfaction.
- Adherence to the code of conduct.
- Safeguard the share holders interest.
- Continuous improvement of human capital.

#### STRATEGIC PLANNING

It is planned to innovate the product line with scheduled R&D activities. Energy Conservation through calibration, expert advises and induction of efficient machinery and replacing the old production line which shall lead to sustainable growth. Well equipped quality assurance department is maintained to achieve consistency in quality of the products. Optimal utilization of Company resources to achieve the economy level. Investment in human capital by participating in workshops, conferences, and different technical courses offered by reputed institutions. Formulation of Code of Conduct for better governance and to bring corporate culture in Company.

### **CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW**

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the company's 38<sup>th</sup> Annual Report. This year also Pakistan remained exposed to COVID-19 pandemic like other countries of the region and undergoing 4<sup>th</sup> wave of the pandemic. However, Pakistan is among the few less developed countries which have done reasonably well in its fight against COVID-19 pandemic and its economy is in recovery mode.

In financial year (2020-21), company has witnessed a remarkable growth in terms of its revenue and its top line is registered at Rs. 941.515 million as compared to Rs.660.888 million in last year. This unprecedented increase of turnover is mainly attributed to export of Gelatine to our customers in Malaysia. These export orders were deferred last year due to severe lock down in Malaysia. On the other hand, manufacturing cost of our product kept on rising as cost-pull inflation remained unrestrained. The escalated cost of production coupled with strong appreciation of Pak Rupees (October, 2020 to June, 2021) curtailed the margins and company could manage profit after tax at Rs. 5.004 million.

We, being the responsible corporate company, taking fully care of our employees and our production process is continued under all necessary SOPs devised by health department.

The Board of the Company comprises of appropriate mix of Directors in terms of relevant experience. The Board is performing its responsibilities diligently and contributing effectively in business operations and strategic decisions. The Board and its committees (Audit Committee and Human Resources and Remuneration Committee) are functioning according to guidelines of Code of Corporate Governance. Board is having two independent and one female director in total seven directors. Board met five times during the year.

Company has placed a system of evaluation of Directors in accordance with provisions of Code of Corporate Governance. This evaluation is made on annually basis. Company has also adopted a well-defined CSR policy with a special emphasis on education and health of the communities.

Board of Directors recognizes the contribution of company employees to the success of your company.

LAHORE.

Dated: October 07, 2021.

AHMED ALI RIAZ
Chairman

# چیئر مین کی جائزه ربورث

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی طرف سے میں تمپنی کی ۳۸ ویں سالا نہ رپورٹ پیش کرنے پرخوشی محسوس کرتا ہوں۔

اس سال بھی پاکستان کو خطے کے دوسر مے ممالک کی طرح 19 - COVID وباکا سامنار ہاہے اوراس وباکی چوتھی لہرسے گزرر ہاہے۔ تاہم پاکستان اُن چند کم ترقی یافتہ ممالک میں سے ایک ہے جس نے COVID-19 وبا کے ساتھ لڑائی کرنے میں بہت مناسب اقد امات اُٹھائے ہیں اوراس کی معیشت بہتری کی طرف گامزن ہے۔

مالی سال ۲۰۲۱ء میں کمپنی کواپنی فروخت میں بہت ذیادہ بوصوتری ملی ہے اور اس کی فروخت پچھلے سال کی فروخت بمبلغ ۱۹۴۱،۸۸۸ ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں مبلغ ۱۹۴۱،۵۱۵ ملین روپے رہی ہے۔ فروخت کی مد میں بے مثال اضافہ کی سب سے بڑی وجہ ملا نیشیا میں اپنے خریداروں کو کی جانے والی ایکسپورٹ ہے۔ بیا کیسپورٹ ملا نیشیا میں ہونے والی شخت ترین لاک ڈاؤن پالیسی کی وجہ سے موخر ہوگئ تھی۔ دوسری جانب پیداواری قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہوا ہے کیونکہ قیمتوں میں اضافہ کرنے والی (Inflation) بے لگام رہی ہے۔ پیداواری قیمتوں میں اضافہ کے ساتھ ساتھ پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں ہونے والے اضافہ (اکتوبر ۲۰۲۰)ء تاجون ۲۰۲۱ء ) نے کمپنی کے منافع کو کم کیا ہے اور کیا ہے اور کیا بعداز ٹیکس منافع مبلغ ۴۰۰،۵ ملین روپے رہی ہے۔

ہم ایک ذمہ دار کارپوریٹ کمپنی ہیں اور اپنے ملاز مین کا پوری طرح خیال کرتے ہیں اور اپنے پیداواری عمل کو حکم صحت کے اخذ کردہ SOPs کے مطابق جاری رکھے ہوئے ہیں۔

کمپنی کا بور ڈمتعلقہ تجربدر کھنے والے ڈائر یکٹران پر شمتل ہے۔ بور ڈاپنی ذمہ داریاں تن دہی سے اداکر رہا ہے اور کاروباری معاملات اور حکمت عملی کے فیصلوں میں بھر پور شرکت کر رہا ہے۔ بور ڈاوراُس کی کمیٹیاں (آڈٹ کمیٹی اور انسانی وسائل اور اُجرتی سمیٹی) کو ڈآف کار پوریٹ گورننس کی ہدایات کے مطابق کام کر رہی ہیں۔ بور ڈمیں سات میں سے دوخود مختار اور ایک خاتون ڈائر یکٹر شامل ہے۔ بور ڈنے امسال ۵ عدد دیٹنگیس کی ہیں۔

کمپنی ہذانے ڈائر بکٹران کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لینے کے لیے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کی شقوں کے مطابق نظام وضع کررکھا ہے۔ یہ کارکردگی کا جائزہ سالانہ بنیادوں پر ہے۔ کمپنی نے کارپوریٹ ساجی ذمہ داری کی بہترین شکل کواپنایا ہوا ہے، جس میں خاص طور پرتعلیم اور لوگوں کی صحت پرزوردیا گیا ہے۔

بورد آف دائر یکٹرز کمپنی کی کامیا بی میں اپنے ملازمین کی خدمات کا اعتراف کرتے ہیں۔

لا ہور احمالی ریاض ۱ کو براس نیاز مین چیئر مین

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors are pleased to present the 38<sup>th</sup> Annual Report along with company's financial statements for the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2021 together with Auditors' Report thereon.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

Leiner Pak Gelatine Limited is involved in manufacturing "Halal" Gelatine and Di-calcium Phosphate (by product).

#### **OPERATIONS**

This year also (2020-2021) COVID-19 pandemic remained the cause of the most serious public health and economic crisis. World battled with the COVID-19 pandemic and businesses are adjusting to the new normal ways to work while adhering the devised SOPs.

This year Company's top line is registered at Rs. 941.515 million as compared to Rs.660.888 million last year. Export of Gelatine to Malaysia was resumed during the year, which was restricted due to last year stringent lock down policies, and helped to deliver about 41.32% growth in Export business which ultimately translated in to healthy top line. Despite these healthy top line figures of the year, Company's profit margins were squeezed as shipping lines increased their sea freight rates by 2 to 3 times as compared to last year freight slabs. On the other hand strong appreciation of Pak Rupee (during the period October, 2020 to June, 2021) against U.S.\$ badly affected the export proceeds realization and company's expected margins were depleted. Due to inflationary spree in the country, severe fluctuations in cost of doing the business (including crushed bone prices) have been observed and manufacturing cost kept on rising which restricted the gross profits margins at 11.14% (15.41% in last corresponding year). High sales volume of this year amid upsurged production cost could bring only profit after tax at Rs. 5.004 million as compared to profit after tax at Rs. 1.928 million in last year.

Company has further diversified its product line and embarked upon a new venture to manufacture and export of OSSEIN. At present, company has been awarded with export orders (both of Gelatine and Ossein) worth more than U.S.\$ 2.5 million. It is highly probable that our new endevour will not only enhance existing portfolio of our products but also meaningful returns.

Current year profitability helped a great deal for smooth business operations but company is still exposed to some deviations. Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rupees 86.202 million. Further, as mentioned in note 14.6 in these financial statements, the running finance facility amounting to Rupees. 30 million from the Summit Bank Limited was not renewed after September, 2018. In terms of settlement with Summit Bank Limited dated March 15, 2021, Rs. 10.5 million has been paid by April 2021 while the balance Rs. 19.5 is payable in 15 equal monthly installments of Rs 1.3 million each between the period from November, 2021 to January 2023. These events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore,

the Company may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

This year also company's bottom line is closed at Rs. 5.004 million (profit after tax). Healthy top line and continuous profitability of the company for the past many years is strengthening the company's financial position. Keeping in view the following factors, the management foresees that the company will continue as going concern:-

- There is continued demand for the products of the Company. Demand of Halal Gelatine exists in foreign and local markets as "Halal" Gelatine is equally consumed in Muslim and Non-Muslim countries.
- There is continued financial support of the Company's sponsors. The sponsors' of the Company have inducted up to June 30, 2021 Rupees 111.166 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 80.263 million) interest free loans. They are also committed to induct further funds, if the need arises, to address any liquidity issues for smooth operations; and
- The existence of new sales orders (local as well as exports) along with advance payments received there against.

These financial statements have, therefore, been prepared using going concern basis of accounting and, accordingly, do not include any adjustments relating to realization of its assets and the liquidation of any liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

The auditors' report contains emphasis of matter paragraph to draw attention towards the going concern matter. In this regard management's assessment is detailed in note 2 in the annexed financial statements.

#### CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAME WOK

Company is fully compliant with the Code of Corporate Governance and Corporate and Financial Reporting framework of the Securities &Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Board is pleased to place following statement on record:

- 1. The financial statements prepared by the management of the company present fairly its state of the affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- 2. Proper books of accounts have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements. The accounting estimates wherever required are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- 4. IFRS and International Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements.

- 5. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- 6. The management has explained their review in detail regarding going concern ability of the company in note 2 to the annexed financial statements.
- 7. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in listing regulations.
- 8. Outstanding taxes, duties and charges have been disclosed in the financial statements.

#### **KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA OF LAST SIX YEARS**

| Years ending on June:        | 2020    | 2019    | 2018    | 2017    | 2016    | 2015     |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|----------|
|                              | Rupees  | Rupees  | Rupees  | Rupees  | Rupees  | Rupees   |
|                              | (000s)  | (000s)  | (000s)  | (000s)  | (000s)  | (000s)   |
| Turnover                     | 660,888 | 779,659 | 752,297 | 692,372 | 727,664 | 691,778  |
| Profit/(Loss) after Taxation | 1,928   | 2,537   | (3,956) | (3,009) | 2,748   | (14,402) |
| Assets                       | 994,892 | 860,191 | 715,769 | 661,874 | 652,850 | 519,059  |
| Dividend                     | -       | •       | -       | -       |         | -        |
| Non-current Liabilities      | 13,423  | 864     | 1,043   | 504     | 856     | -        |

#### **ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL CONTROL**

Internal control system of the company is properly designed keeping in view the nature of business and materiality of the transactions involved. Internal control system is periodically reviewed by the audit committee and improvements in the system are made keeping in view recommendations of internal audit department.

#### STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDITION AND ITS DISTRIBUTION

The "Statement of Value Addition and its Distribution is annexed to the report.

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

Remuneration of the Board of Directors is approved by the Board. Non-executive Directors and independent Directors are entitled for fee for attending the meetings. Remuneration of Directors and Chief Executive Officer are disclosed in Note No. 43 to the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021.

#### **DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY**

During the year following Directors served on the Board of the company.

| Sr. No. | Name of Directors             | Number of Meetings |
|---------|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1.      | Ahmed Ali Riaz                | 5                  |
| 2.      | Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed           | 5                  |
| 3.      | ljaz Ahmed Khwaja             | 5                  |
| 4.      | Ibrar Ahmed Khwaja            | 5                  |
| 5.      | Mian Zia ud Din (independent) | 5                  |
| 6.      | Ayesha Ahmed                  | 5                  |
| 7.      | Rashid Minhas (independent)   | 5                  |

#### **APPROPRIATIONS**

In view of the low profitability and to ease business operations, it has been decided to omit the dividend for the current year.

#### **EARNING RATIO:**

The earning per share after tax works out to Rs. 0.67 {last year Rs.0.26 }.

#### **PROVIDENT FUND**

The company operates an approved contributory provident fund covering all permanent employees. The value of the fund at the year ended 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2021 is Rs.179.410 million. The investment values of the respective fund is as follows:

#### **Provident Fund**

| Last audited statements                  | June 30, 2021 |
|--|---------------|
| Investments at fair value Rs.(000s)      | 117,639       |
| These funds are invested as given below: |               |
|  | Rs.(000s)     |
|  |               |
| Unit Trust Schemes                       | 51,377        |
| Mutual Funds                             | 1,445         |
| Savings Schemes of Banks                 | 4,014         |
| Bank Deposits                            | 22,734        |
| Listed Securities                        | 38,069        |
|  |               |
|  | 117,639       |
|  |               |

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)

Management believes that we are integral part of the society in which we operate. Company is committed in supporting the community and has a policy to contribute to uplift the society with special emphasis on education and health of the people.

#### **OUT STANDING STATUTORY PAYMENTS**

All outstanding payments are of routine nature.

#### CODE OF CONDUCT

Company has developed and adopted a comprehensive Code of conduct in accordance with Code of Corporate Governance Regulations 2019. This code of conduct prescribes rules and regulations to be followed by every employee of the company. Board has also adopted controls for timely identification and redressal of unethical practices performed on the part of employees. Code of conduct is fully disseminated throughout the company.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Company has formulated Audit Committee in accordance with code of corporate governance. This committee is headed by an independent Director. Names of Audit Committee members are given below:

#### Name of Directors

Rashid Minhas (Chairman)

Ijaz Ahmed Khwaja (Member)

Ahmed Ali Riaz (Member)

Audit Committee provides assistance to the Board of Directors in discharging their responsibilities in accordance with provisions of code of corporate governance and financial reporting framework. This committee is also entrusted to implement an effective internal control system and forward recommendations to the Board of Directors for further improve of the systems.

Audit Committee's other responsibilities in the light of code of corporate governance also include the following:

- Determination of appropriate measures to safeguard the company's assets;
- 2. Review of annual and interim financial statements of the company, prior to their approval by the board, focusing on;
  - a) major judgmental areas;

- b) significant adjustments resulting from the audit;
- c) going concern assumption;
- d) any changes in accounting policies and practices;
- e) compliance with applicable accounting standards;
- f) compliance with the regulations of code of corporate governance and other statutory and regulatory requirements; and
- g) all related party transactions;
- **3.** Review of the preliminary announcements of results prior to external communication and publication;
- 4. Facilitating the external audit and discussion with external auditors of major observations arising from interim and final audits and any matter that the auditors may wish to highlight (in the absence of management, where necessary);
- 5. Review of management letter issued by external auditors and managements' response thereto;
- 6. Ensuring coordination between the internal and external auditors of the company;
- 7. Review of the scope and extent of internal audit, audit plan, reporting frame work and procedures and ensuring that the internal audit function has adequate resources and is appropriately placed within the company;
- **8.** Consideration of major findings of internal investigations of activities characterized by fraud, corruption and abuse of power and management's response thereto;
- 9. Ascertaining the internal control systems including financial and operational controls, accounting systems for timely and appropriate recording of purchases and sales, receipts and payments, assets and liabilities and the reporting structure are adequate and effective;
- **10.** Review of the company's statement on internal control systems prior to endorsement by the Board and internal audit reports;
- 11. Instituting special projects, value for money studies or other investigations on any matter specified by the Board, in consultation with Chief executive officer and to consider remittance of any matter to the external auditors or to any other external body;
- 12. Determination of compliance with relevant statutory requirements;
- **13.** Monitoring compliance with these regulations (including code of corporate governance) and identification of significant violation thereof;
- 14. Review of arrangement for staff and management to report to audit committee in confidence, concerns, if any, about actual or potential improprieties in financial and other matters and recommend instituting remedial and mitigating measures;
- 15. Recommend to the Board the appointment of external auditors, their removal, audit fees, the provision of any service permissible to be rendered to the company by the external auditors in addition to audit of its financial statements, measures for redressal and rectification of non-compliances with the regulations. The Board shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the audit committee and where it acts otherwise it shall record the reasons thereof;
- 16. Consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the board;

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Human resource management is an important faction of management that deals with most valuable assets of an organization which is human resource. Human Resource and Remuneration committee of the company comprises three directors, which include one

executive director and one non-executive director being the members and one independent director as chairman of the committee. Following three members are entrusted by the board to form the Human Resource and Remuneration Committee:

Rashid Minhas (Chairman)

Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed (Member)

Ayesha Ahmed (Member

In accordance with code of corporate governance, the responsibilities of the committee include:

- Recommendation to the Board for consideration and approval a policy framework for determining remuneration of Directors (both executive and non-executive Directors and members of senior management). The definition of senior management will be determined by the Board which shall normally include the first layer of management below the chief executive officer level;
- undertaking annually, a formal process of evaluation of performance of the Board as a whole and
  its committees either directly or by engaging external independent consultant and if so appointed,
  a statement to that effect shall be made in the Directors' report disclosing therein name and
  qualification of such consultant and major terms of his/its appointment;
- 3. recommending human resource management policies to the Board;
- 4. recommending to the Board the selection, evaluation, development, compensation (including retirement benefits) of chief operating officer, chief financial officer, company secretary, and head of internal audit:
- 5. consideration and approval on recommendation of chief executive officer on such matters for key management positions who report directly to chief executive officer or chief operating officer; and
- 6. where human resource and remuneration consultants are appointed, they shall disclose to the committee their credentials and as to whether they have any other connection with the company.

#### **RISK AND UNCERTINITIES**

Company's ability to create value for its share holders is affected primarily by changes in macroeconomic environment in which it operates and some associated risks with respect to its nature of business.

At present company is exposed to following risk areas which can affect the business operations and profitability of the company:

Raw material prices (crushed bone).

Foreign currency exchange rate.

Energy (availability and prices of gas & electricity)

Bovine animal bones are pre requisite to produce high quality Gelatine. Raw material of the company (bovine bone) is being exported to China, Japan and other neighboring countries from Pakistan. Company has to buy animal bones on export parity price for its own consumption. Devaluation of Pak Rupee can further aggravate the situation and procurement of animal bone at feasible prices may become more difficult.

Devaluation of Pak Rupee always stimulates the cost-pull inflation. Devaluation of Pak Rupee will increase the prices of our industrial inputs including raw material and it can reduce the intensity of capacity utilization.

Energy crises in the country are still not over and manufacturing sector is consuming very high priced gas, fuel and electricity. Government is importing LNG to cater the industrial requirement. Escalation in gas prices in furtherance to the existing tariff will increase the manufacturing cost of the industrial concerns including Gelatine manufacturing.

#### IMPACT ON ENVIRONMENT

It is prime responsibility of the company to operate in safe and healthy working environment. Company's production facility is equipped with state of the art machinery which is mostly European origin. To ensure environment friendly practices, company has attained ISO-14000 certification from SGS Pakistan. Manufacturing process of Gelatine adopted at factory premises is strictly in accordance with international practices and no any hazardous impact on environment is traced so far.

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

Pakistan at present is experiencing 4<sup>th</sup> wave of COVID-19 pandemic but its impact on economic activities is curtailed by improved containment strategies including smart lock downs and mass vaccination drive. As a whole, Pakistan economy is in recovery mode and it is expected that stability on economic front will be witnessed in coming days.

Management of the company is striving to fetch high sales volume and to improve its production along with quality and diversification of its product line. In the wake of diversification, new venture to manufacture and export of OSSEIN is laid down. Company has also been awarded enormous export orders (both of Gelatine and Ossein). It is highly expected that our new endevour will yield healthy returns in future.

#### TRAINING PROGRAMME OF DIRECTORS

Directors training is an on going process in the company. Company offers refresher courses to Directors and other executives for their capacity building.

Our three Directors out of seven are exempt from training as provided by the Code of Corporate Governance. Two Directors including one independent Director has completed their Directors Training Programme (DTP) with recognized institutions from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. One female Director and newly appointed independent Director will also complete Directors Training Programme as and when COVID-19 pandemic be over.

#### TRADE IN SHARES OF THE COMPANY

There is no any sale/purchase/transfer of the company shares during this year by Directors, Executives, their spouse and minor children.

#### **AUDITORS**

The present auditors, M/s M. Almas & Co. Chartered Accountants, Lahore, has completed their assignment for the year ended June 30, 2021 and shall retire on the conclusion of 38<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting. The retiring auditors M/s M. Almas & Co. Chartered Accountants are eligible for re-appointment.

In accordance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, the audit committee considered and recommended the re-appointment and remuneration of M/s M. Almas & Co. Chartered Accountants as statutory auditors for the year 2021-2022.

#### PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

It appears on page no:----72.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

The Board of Directors would like to express their appreciation for the efforts and dedication of all employees which enabled the company management to run the business affairs smoothly.

KH. IMTIAZ AHMED Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director Lahore. IBRAR AHMED KHAWAJA Director

Dated: October 07, 2021

# ڈائز یکٹرزر پورٹ

ڈائر کیٹرز کو ۳۸ویں سالانہ رپورٹ جو کہ ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۱ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لیے کمپنی نے مالیاتی نتائج اور آڈیٹران کی رپورٹ پرشتمل ہے۔ پیش کرنے پرخوشی محسوس ہورہی ہے۔

### بنیادی کاروبار:

لائیز پاک جیلاٹین کمیٹڈ' حلال' جیلاٹین اور ڈائی کیلٹیم فاسفیٹ (بائی پراڈکٹ) کو تیار کرنے کا کام کرتی

# کاروباری مل: (Operations)

امسال بھی ( ۲۰۲۱ء) کووڈ-19 کی وہاعوام کی صحت اور معاشی بدحالی کی بنیادی وجہ رہی ہے۔ دنیا نے COVID-19 پڑمل پیرا ہوکر نئے تقاضوں کے تحت کام کرنے کے مطابق ایڈ جسٹ کر رہی ہے۔

امسال کمپنی کی فروخت پچھلے سال کی فروخت مبلغ ۸۸۸ ، ۱۹۲ ملین روپے کے مقابلہ میں مبلغ ۱۹۳۱،۵۱۵ ملین روپے رہی ہے۔ اس سال میں ملا میشیا کو جیلا ٹین کی ایکسپورٹ شروع ہوگی تھی ، جو کی سخت ترین لاک ڈاؤن کی پالیسی کی وجہ سے بندش کا شکارتھی اوراس کی وجہ سے ایکسپورٹ کی مد میں ۱۹۳۲،۳۱ فیصد برطوح تری ہوئی اوراس کی وجہ سے بی کمپنی کی کل فروخت میں بہتری ممکن ہوئی ہے۔ کمپنی کی بہتر فروخت ہونے کے باوجود شپنگ کمپنی کے کر ایوں کے پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں ۱۳۳۳ تا اوران کی وجہ سے منافع کم ہوگیا تھا۔ دوسری جانب ڈالر کے مقابلے میں مال کے مقابلے میں ۱۳۳۲ تا جون المان اوران کی وجہ سے منافع کم ہوگیا تھا۔ دوسری جانب ڈالر کے مقابلے میں روپے کی قدر میں اضافہ (اکتوبر ۱۳۰۰ء تا جون المان) کی وجہ سے کاروباری لاگت (بشمول کرش بون کی قیمت) میں شدیدا تا ارچھ ھاؤ دیکھا گیا ہوگی وجہ سے کاروباری لاگت (بشمول کرش بون کی قیمت) میں شدیدا تا ارچھ ھاؤ دیکھا گیا ہے اور پیداواری لاگت میں برطوح تری جاری دیکھیلے سال ۱۹۲۱ کے اور پیداواری لاگت کی موجود گی میں بہتر فروخت کے باوجود پچھلے سال کے بعداز کیس منافع میں جو کہ بھی میں برطوح تری جارہ ہے۔ فی سال کے بعداز کیس منافع میں توسیع کی ہے اور اوسین بنانے اور ایکسپورٹ کرنے کے منصوبے پر کام کیا ہے۔ فی الاوت کمپنی نے اپنی مصنوعات میں توسیع کی ہے اور اوسین بنانے اور ایکسپورٹ کرنے کے منصوبے پر کام کیا ہے۔ فی الاوت کمپنی نے اپنی مصنوعات میں توسیع کی ہے اور اوسین بنانے اور ایکسپورٹ کرنے کے منصوبے پر کام کیا ہے۔ فی الاوت کمپنی نے اپنی مصنوعات میں توسیع کی ہے اور اوسین بنانے اور اوسین ونوں کے لیے) مل گئے ہیں۔ اس بار

بھی حاصل ہوگا۔

موجودہ سال کے منافع کی وجہ سے کمپنی کا کاروباری عمل بہتر ہوا ہے مگر کمپنی کواب بھی پچھانح اف کا سامنا ہے۔

کمپنی کے موجودہ واجبات اس کے موجودہ اٹا شہات سے بیلخ ۱۸۱٪ ۲ کیلین روپے سے بڑھ گئے ہیں۔ علاوہ ازیں جیسا کہ اس مالیاتی گوشوارے کے نوٹ نمبر ۲٪ ۱۳ میں بتایا گیا ہے کی سمٹ بینک لمیٹرڈ سے ملنے والی بیلخ ۳۰ ملین روپ کی مجبر ۱۸٪ ء کے بعد توسیع نہ ہوسکی تھی ۔ سمٹ بینک لمیٹرڈ سے بینک المیٹرڈ میلز میلز میلز میں نومبر ۱۲۰۲ء سے بینک کاروبار کے ساسل میلن ہے۔ بیرا ہو سکتے ہیں اور شاکدہ عمول کے کاروباری عمل کے نتیج میں اپنے اٹا شہات کی فروخت اور واجبات کی اوا نیکی نہ کر سکے گی۔

اس سال کمپنی نے بعداز نیکس منافع مبلغ کا ۹، ہملین روپے کما ہا ہے۔ بہتر فروخت اور گزشتہ کی سالوں کے منافع کی وجہ اس سال کمپنی نے بعداز نیکس منافع مبلغ کا 9، ہملین روپے کما ہا ہے۔ بہتر فروخت اور گزشتہ کی سالوں کے منافع کی وجہ اس سال کمپنی نے بعداز نیکس منافع مبلغ کا 9، ہملین روپے کہا ہے۔ بہتر فروخت اور گزشتہ کی سالوں کے منافع کی وجہ اس سال کمپنی نے بعداز نیکس منافع مبلغ کا 9، ہملین روپے کہا ہے۔ بہتر فروخت اور گزشتہ کی سالوں کے منافع کی وجہ اس سال کمپنی نے بعداز کیکٹ کیکس کی دوپہ سال کمپنی نے بعداز کیکس کی دوپہ سالوں کے منافع کی دوپہ سالوں کے دوپہ سالوں کے دوپہ سالوں کے من

اس سال کمپنی نے بعداز ٹیکس منافع مبلغ ۹۱۷. ۲ ملین روپے کمایا ہے۔ بہتر فروخت اور گزشتہ کئی سالوں کے منافع کی وجہ سے کمپنی کی مالی حیثیت میں بہتری ہوئی ہے۔ درج ذیل عوامل کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے انتظامیہ کا خیال ہے کہ کمپنی اپنے کاروباری عمل کوسلسل جاری رکھے گی:

- ہماری کمپنی کی مصنوعات کی مانگ مسلسل موجود ہے۔'' حلال'' جیلاٹین کی مانگ بیرون ملک اوراندرون ملک موجود ہے کیونکہ'' حلال'' جیلاٹین مسلم اورغیر مسلم ملکوں میں برابر کی سطح پر استعال ہور ہی ہے۔
- کمپنی کے مالکان کی طرف سے مالی امداد کی مسلسل فراہمی ہے۔ کمپنی کے مالکان نے امسال ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۱ء کے میلئی کے مالکان نے امسال ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۱ء کی مد میں کمپنی کو فراہم کیے ہیں (۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۰ء ببلغ تک بلاسود مبلغ ۲۰۲۱۔ ۱۱۱ ملین روپے قرضہ جات کی مد میں کمپنی کو فراہم کیے ہیں (۲۰۲۰ جون ۲۰۲۰ء ببلغ مسئلہ ۸۰.۲۹۳ ملین روپے)۔ وہ اس بات کا عزم بھی رکھتے ہیں کہ اگر مستقبل میں (Liquidity) کا مسئلہ در پیش ہوا تو بغیر رکاوٹ کے کاروباری عمل کو بڑھاتے ہوئے مزید مالی معاونت بھی کریں گے۔
  - فروخت کے نئے معاہدوں کا وجود اوران کے عوض پیشگی ادائیگی کا حصول۔

پیمالیاتی دستاویزات کمپنی کے سلسل چلنے کی اکا وُنٹنگ بنیاد پر تیار کی گئی ہیں،اوران مالیاتی نتائج میں سی قسم کی (Adjustment) (اگر کمپنی کاروبار جاری رکھنے کی اہلیت ندر گھتی ہو) جس کا تعلق اثاثہ جات کی قیمت اور واجبات **18** 

کی مالیت سے ہو،موجود نہہے۔

آڈیٹران کی رپورٹ میں'' کمپنی کے کاروبار کے چلنے کے معاملات کی طرف توجہ دلانے کے لیے'' ایک پیرا گراف میں کمپنی کے کاروبار کے چلنے کے معاملات کی طرف توجہ دلانے کے جواب میں پیرا گراف میں کمپنی کے کاروبار کے چلنے کے متعلق اہم غیریقینی صورت حال کا ذکر کیا گیا ہے۔ اس کے جواب میں شامل کیا گیا ہے۔

# كار پوريث اور مالياتي دستاويز كاضابطه: \_

کمپنی کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس اور سکیورٹیز اینڈ ایکسچنج کمیشن آف پاکستان(SECP) کے کارپوریٹ اور مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے دائرہ کارپر پوری طرح عمل درآ مدکررہی ہے۔ بورڈ درج ذیل بیانات قلمبند کرنے میں خوشی محسوس کرتے ہیں۔

- ا۔ مالی دستاویز، جو کہ کمپنی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کی گئی ہے جو منصفانہ امور کی نشاند ہی ، اپنے آپریشنز ، نقدی کا بہاؤاورا یکوٹی میں تبدیلی کا نتیجہ ہے۔
  - ۲۔ سمبینی کے اکاؤنٹ کی مناسب کتابوں کو برقر اررکھا گیاہے۔
- سے مناسب اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کونشلسل کے ساتھ مالی اکاؤنٹ کی تیاری میں لاگو کیا گیا ہے۔ اکاؤنٹنگ اندازے معقول اور دانش مندانہ فیصلے پر بنی ہیں۔
- ہ۔ انٹرنیشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ سٹینڈرزاورانٹرنیشنل اکاؤنٹنگ سٹینڈرزجو پاکستان میں قابل عمل ہیں کی مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں پیروی کی گئی ہے۔
  - ۵۔ اندرونی کنٹرول کے نظام کا ڈیزائن سیح ہے اوراس پرموثر طریقے سے عملدرآ مداوراس کی گرانی کی گئی ہے۔
- ۲۔ سمپنی کی انتظامیہ نے کمپنی کو جاری رکھنے کی صلاحیت کے بارے میں مالیاتی نتائج کے نوٹ نمبر ۲ میں تفصیل سے ذکر کیا گیا ہے۔
- ے۔ کارپوریٹ گورنس کے بہترین طریقوں پر بغیر کسی انحراف کے ممل کیا گیا ہے جو کہ اسٹنگ کے ضابطے میں موجود ہے۔
  - ۸۔ واجب الا دائیکس، ڈیوٹیز اور واجبات مالی دستاویز ات میں ظاہر کیے گئے ہیں۔

| يتْنگ اور مالياتى دُينًا كاخلاصه | گزشتهٔ حوسالوں میں کلیدی آمر |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|

| ۶۲ <del>۰</del> ۱۵ | er+14   | ۶ <b>۲۰</b> ۱۷      | ۶۲۰۱۸   | ۶ <b>۲</b> •19 | s <b>* * * *</b> | ماہِ جون پرختم ہونے والے سال  |
|--------------------|---------|---------------------|---------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| روپي               | روپي    | روپے                | روپي    | روپے           | روپي             |                               |
| (000)              | (000)   | (000)               |         | (000)          | (000)            |                               |
| 491.ZZA            | Z1Z:77F | 49 <i>14.4</i> 72.4 | 201.192 | ZZ9,709        | <b>۸۸۸</b> 2+۲۲  | فروخت(Turnove)                |
| (14.44)            | 4.2 MA  | (٣,++9)             | (٣.964) | 1:072          | 1,911            | بعداز تیکس خالص منافع (نقصان) |
| ۵۱۹،+۵۹            | 401/10+ | ソソル・ハムア             | ۷۱۵،۷۲۹ | A4+c191        | 991%091          | اثاثهجات                      |
|                    |         |                     |         |                |                  | تقسيم شده منافع               |
|                    | ran     | ۵+۴                 | اد+۱۲۳  | MYM            | שאאיאוו          | قرضہ جات ( لمبے عرصہ کے لئے ) |

## موزوں اندرونی کنٹرول:۔

سمینی کے اندرونی کنٹرول سٹم کوکاروبار کی نوعیت اورٹرانز پیشن کی مالیت (materiality) کومدنظرر کھتے ہوئے پوری طرح تر تیب دیا گیا ہے۔آ ڈٹ کمیٹی وقتاً فو قتاً اندرونی کنٹرول سٹم کا جائزہ لیتی ہےاورانٹرل آ ڈٹ شعبہ کی سفارشات کو مدنظرر کھتے ہوئے سسٹم میں بہتری لائی گئی ہے۔

قدر میں اضافہ اور اس کی قسم کی دستاویز:۔

'' قدر میں اضا فہاور اس کی تقسیم کی دستاویز'' رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

## ڈائریکٹران کامعاوضہ:۔

ڈائر یکٹران کا معاوضہ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر زیے منظور کیا گیا ہے ۔ نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹران اورخود مختار ڈائر یکٹران میٹنگوں میں شمولیت کی فیس کے اہل ہیں۔ ڈائر یکٹران اور چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسر کا معاوضہ مالیاتی دستاویزات ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۱ء کے نوٹ نمبر۲۳ میں دکھایا گیاہے۔

# مینی کے ڈائریکٹران:۔

دوران سال درج ذیل ڈائر یکٹران نے کمپنی کے بورڈ پراپنی خدمات پیش کیں:-

| میثنگزمیں شرکت |            | ڈائریکٹران کے نام | سيريل نمبر |
|----------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| ۵              |            | احرعلى رياض       | 1          |
| ۵              |            | خواجهامتيازاحمه   | ۲          |
| ۵              |            | اعجازاحمدخواجه    | ٣          |
| ۵              |            | ابراراحمدخواجه    | ۴          |
| ۵              | انڈیپینڈنٹ | ميان ضياءالدين    | ۵          |
| ۵              |            | عائشهاحمه         | 4          |
| ۵              | انڈیپینڈنٹ | راشدمنهاس         | ۷          |

# منافع کی تقسیم: (Appropriations)

کم منافع اور کاروباری عمل میں آسانی کے لیے امسال منافع کی تقسیم نہ کرنے کا فیصلہ کیا گیا ہے۔

# منافع كاتناسب:

ہر حصے کا بعد از ٹیکس منافع مبلغ ۲۷. • روپے ہے۔ (پچھلے سال منافع مبلغ ۲۷. • روپے )۔

### يراويدنث فنذ:

سمینی اینے تمام مستقل ملاز مین کیلئے ایک منظور شدہ شراکتی پراویڈنٹ فنڈ چلا رہی ہے۔اس سال ۳۰ جون ۱۲۰۲ء تک فنڈ کی قدر مبلغ ۲۰۲۰ ملین روپے ہے اس فنڈ کی سر مایہ کاری کی قدر درج ذیل ہے:۔ پراویڈنٹ فنڈ

١٠٢٠ ون ٢٠٢١ء

سرماییکاری کی منصفانه قدر (000)روپے ۲۳۹ ، ۱۱۷

فنڈ کی سرمایہ کاری درج ذیل ہے:۔ (000)رویے

بونٹ ٹرسٹ سکیمز ۵۱،۳۷۷

ميوچل فندر ۲۳۵

بینکوں کی بحت سکیم

بینکوں میں جمع شدہ رقم ۲۲،۷۳۴

لسط سکیور شیز ۲۹ ۴۸۰۰

114,419

### كار بوريد ساجى د مدارى:

انتظامیہ اس بات پریفین رکھتی ہے کہ جس معاشرے میں ہم کاروبار کررہے ہیں ہم اس کا ہی ایک حصہ ہیں۔
کمپنی ساج کی خدمت کرنے کے لیے پرعزم ہے اور معاشرے کی بہتری کے لیے اپنا حصہ ڈالنے کی پالیسی بھی بنائی ہے۔
ہے جس میں تعلیم اور لوگوں کی صحت پرخاص توجہ دی گئی ہے۔

# سٹیپوٹری بقایا جات کی ادائیگی:

تمام بقایا جات کی ادائیگی معمول کے مطابق ہے۔

### ضابطهاخلاق:

سمینی کے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس ریگولیشنز ۔ ۲۰۱۹ء کے تحت ایک کممل ضابطہ اخلاق مرتب کیا اور اپنایا ہوا ہے۔ بیضابطہ اخلاق ایسے قوائدوضوابط بتا تا ہے جس پر ہرملازم کومل کرنا ہوتا ہے۔

بورڈ نے ملاز مین کی جانب سے غیرا خلاقی حرکات کی بروفت نشاندہی اور تدارک کے لیے کنٹرول بھی اپنائے ہوئے ہیں۔ضابطہ اخلاق کی ادارہ کی ہرسطے پرآگاہی کردی گئی ہے۔

بورو كميثيان:

ا د ئے کمینی:

سمپنی کے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس کے مطابق آڈٹ کمیٹی کی تھکیل کی ہے۔ اس کمیٹی کا سربراہ ایک انڈیپینڈنٹڈ ائر کیٹر ہے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی کے مبران کے نام درج ذیل ہیں:۔

راشدمنهاس (چیئرمین)

اعجازاحمدخواجه (ممبر)

احر على رياض (ممبر)

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی ڈائر کیٹران کوکوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس اور مالیاتی دستاویزات کے ضابطوں کے مطابق ان کی ذمہ داریوں کو پورا کرنے میں ان کی مدد کرتی ہے۔ آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کو بیذمہ داری بھی سونپی گئی ہے کہ وہ ایک موثر اندرونی کنٹرول کونا فذکر ہے اور سٹم کومزید بہتر بنانے کیلئے سفارشات ڈائر یکٹران تک پہنچائے۔

آ دُٹ كميٹى كود آف كار پوريٹ گورننس كى روشنى ميں درج ذيل مزيدعوامل كى بھى ذمەدار ہے: ـ

- ا) مسمینی کے اثاثہ جات کے تحفظ کیلئے مناسب اقدام لینا۔
- ۲) بورڈ کی منظوری سے پہلے کمپنی کی عبوری اور سالانہ مالیاتی تفصیلات کا درج ذیل کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے جائزہ لینا۔
  - ا\_ ےJudgementa الے۔ (i)
  - (ii)۔ آڈٹ کے باعث ہونے والی اہم ایڈ سٹمنٹس۔
    - (iii)۔ کاروبار کے جاری رہنے کا جائزہ۔
  - (iv)۔ اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں اور پریکٹس میں ہونے والی کوئی تبدیلی۔
    - (V) قابل اطلاق ا كاؤنثنگ اسٹينڈ رزيمل پيرا مونا۔
  - (vi) ۔ ان ریگولیٹری اور دوسری قانونی ضروریات بیمل درآ مدکرنا ؛ اور ۔
    - (vii)۔ تمام ریلیٹر لوگوں کے ساتھ ہونے والے لین دین۔
  - ۳) تفصیلات کی بیرونی ترسیل اورنشر ہونے سے پہلے ان کا ابتدائی جائزہ لینا۔
- ۳) بیرونی آڈٹ میں سہولت فراہم کرنا اور بیرونی آڈیٹران کے ساتھ عبوری اور کمل آڈٹ کے دوران اٹھنے والے

- بڑے نقاط اور ایسے تمام معاملات جوآ ڈیٹران اپنی مرضی سے بھی اٹھانا چاہتے ہوں ان کے ساتھ ان پر بات چیت کرنا۔
  - ۵) بیرونی آڈیٹران کی طرف سے جاری کردہ انتظامی خط اور انتظامیہ کے رقیمل کا جائزہ لینا۔
    - ۲) اندرونی آڈٹ اور بیرونی آڈیٹران کے درمیان تعاون کویقینی بنانا۔
- 2) اندرونی آؤٹ کے دائرہ کاراور حدود، آؤٹ پلان، رپورٹنگ کے طریقہ کار کا جائزہ لینا اوراس بات کویقنی بنانا کہ اندرونی آؤٹ کے شعبہ کے پاس مناسب ذرائع موجود ہوں اور کمپنی میں ہرجگہ اس پڑمل کیا جاسکے۔
- ۸) فراڈ، کرپشن اور اختیارات سے تجاوز کرنے کے بڑے معاملات کی اندرونی جانچ پڑتال اور انتظامیہ کے رقمل کا جائزہ لینا۔
- 9) اندرونی کنٹرول کے نظام جس میں مالیاتی اور آپریشنل کنٹرول شامل ہیں، اکا وُنٹنگ نظام،خریدوفروخت، وصولیوں اورادائیکیوں، اثاثہ جات اور واجبات کے صحیح اندراج اور معلومات پہنچانے کے ڈھانچے کاصیح اور موڑ طریقے سے چلنے کویقینی بنانا۔
- ۱۰) کمپنی کی طرف سے اندرونی کنٹرول پر جاری کردہ تفصیلات کا اندرونی آڈٹ کی رپورٹ اور بورڈ کی منظوری سے پہلے جائزہ لینا۔
- اا) چیف ایگزیکٹوآفیسر کے مشورہ سے بورڈ کے سفارش کردہ معاملات، نئے منصوبوں کے اجراء، روپے کی قدر کا مطالعہ اور دوسر مے معاملات کی جانچ پڑتال کا جائزہ لینا اور کسی اور معاملے کو بیرونی آڈیٹران یا بیرونی ادار ہے کے ساتھواٹھا ناشامل ہے۔
  - ۱۲) متعلقه شیجوٹری ضروریات برعملدر آمد کویقینی بنانا۔
- ۱۳) ان قوانین پڑمل پیرا ہونے کا خیال رکھنا (بشمول کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) اور بڑی خلاف ورزیوں کی نشاندہی کرنا۔
- ۱۴) آڈٹ کمیٹی کو بااعتمادر پورٹنگ، کسی بھی تشویش، حقیقی اور مالیاتی اور دوسرے معاملات میں ہونے والی غلطیوں اوران کے حل اوراثرات کوختم کرنے کی تجاویز کے لیے ملاز مین اورا نتظامیہ کے انتظامات کا جائز ہ لینا۔
- ۱۵) بورڈ کو بیرونی آڈیٹران کے مقرر کرنے ، ان کا ہٹانا ، آڈٹ کی فیس ، بیرونی آڈیٹران کی جانب سے مالی دستاویزات کے آڈٹ کے علاوہ کسی بھی اور جائز خدمات کو کمپنی کی فراہمی کی تنجاویز دینا۔ بورڈ کو آڈٹ کمیٹی کی

تجاويز كابغور جائزه ليناح إبيا ورخلاف ورزى كى صورت مين وجوبات كااندراج كرنا

١٦) بورد کی جانب سے تفویض کردہ دوسرے معاملات پر توجد بنا۔

انسانی وسائل اوراجرتی سمیش:

انسانی وسائل کا انتظام انتظام یہ کے لیے ایک بہت اہم حصہ ہے جس کا تعلق ادارے کے بہت قیمتی اٹا شہات ہے جو کہ انسانی وسائل ہیں۔ کمپنی کی انسانی وسائل اور اجرتی سمیٹی تین ڈائر یکٹران پر شمتل ہے جو ایک ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر اور ایک نان ایگزیکٹو ڈائر یکٹر بحثیت ممبران اور ایک خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر بحثیت سمیٹی چیئر مین پر مشتمل ہے۔ انسانی وسائل اور اجرتی سمیٹی میں درج ذیل تین ڈائر یکٹران شامل ہیں:۔

راشدمنهاس (چیئرمین)

خواجهامتيازاحمه (ممبر)

عائشاحم (ممبر)

کوڈ آف کار بوریٹ گورننس کے مطابق کمیٹی کی ذمہدار بوں میں شامل ہے:۔

- (i) ڈائر کیٹران (ایگزیٹواورنان ایگزیکٹوڈائر کیٹران اورسینئرا نظامیہ کے مبران) کی اجرت کو تعین کرنے کے لیے ضابطہ کار بنانے پیٹوراوراس کی منظوری دینے کے لیے بورڈ کوسفارشات پیش کرنا سینئرا نظامیہ کی تعریف بورڈ متعین کرے گاجن میں چیف ایگزیکٹو کے بعد کی انظامیہ کی پہلی تہہ ہوتی ہے۔
- (ii) حسب ضابطہ بھمل بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کا بذات خود یا کسی خود مختار مشیر کے ذریعے ان کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لینا اورا گراییا مشیر مقرر کیا گیا ہوتو اس کے متعلق ڈائر یکٹر رپورٹ میں بتایا جائے اور رپورٹ میں اس کا نام تعلیم اوراسے مقرر کرنے کی بڑی شرائط بھی ہوں۔
  - (iii) بورڈ کوانسانی وسائل کے انتظام کی پالیسیوں کے بارے میں سفارشات پیش کرنا۔
- (iv) بورڈ کو چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسر، چیف فنافشنل آفیسر، کمپنی سیکرٹری اور اندرونی آڈٹ کے سربراہ کے انتخاب، جانچے اور معاوضہ (بشمول ریٹائر منٹ بینیفٹ) کے بارے میں سفارشات پیش کرنا۔
- (۷) ایسے تمام معاملات جن کا تعلق کلیدی عہدوں کی انتظامیہ سے ہواور وہ چیف ایگزیکٹو آفیسریا چیف آپریٹنگ آفیسر کوڈ ائریکٹ جوابدہ ہوں کا جائزہ لینا اور منظوری دینا۔
- (vi) جہاں انسانی وسائل اور اجرتی مشیر مقرر کیے جائیں ، ان کے بارے میں تمیٹی کو کمل تفصیلات معلوم ہونی

چاہئیں اور اس بارے میں بھی بتائیں اگر کمپنی کے ساتھ ان کا کوئی اور تعلق ہے۔ خطرات اور غیر بھنی صور تھال:۔

سمپنی کی اپنے حصہ داران کی قدر میں اضافہ کی صلاحیت بنیادی طور پرمیکروا کنا مک ماحول جس میں وہ اپنا کاروبارکرتی ہے میں تبدیلی اور پچھاس کے کاروبار سے منسلک خطرات کی وجہ سے متاثر ہوتی ہے۔

موجودہ صورتحال میں کمپنی کو درج ذیل چیزوں میں خطرات کا سامنا ہے جو کہ کاروبار اور کمپنی کے منافع پراثر انداز ہو سکتے ہیں۔

غام مال کی قیمتیں ( کرش بون )

غیرملکی کرنسی کےساتھ تبادلے کی شرح

توانائی (بجلی اورگیس کامهیا ہونااوران کی قیمتیں)

بہترین کوالٹی کی جیلا ٹین کو تیار کرنے کیلئے بڑے مویشیوں کی ہڈیوں کی دستیابی اولین شرط ہے۔ کمپنی کا خام مال (جانوروں کی ہڈیاں) چین، جاپان اور دوسرے ہمسایہ ممالک کو پاکستان سے برآ مدکیا جا رہا ہے۔ کمپنی کواپنے ضرورت کے لیے جانوروں کی ہڈیاں ایکسپورٹ کی قیمت کے تناسب سے خریدنی پڑتی ہیں۔ روپے کی قدر میں کمی صورت حال کومزید خراب کرسکتی ہے اور پیداواری لاگت بھی مزید براج ھے تی ہے۔

پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں کمی کرنے سے قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہوتا ہے۔ روپے کی قدر میں کمی سے صنعتوں میں استعمال ہونے والی مصنوعات بشمول خام مال کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ ہوجائے گااور اس کی وجہ سے پیداواری صلاحیت میں کمی ہوسکتی ہے۔

ملک میں توانائی کا بحران ابھی ختم نہیں ہوا اور پیداواری طبقہ ہم گئی گیس، ایندھن اور بحلی کا استعال کر رہا ہے۔ حکومت صنعتی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کیلئے (LNG) درآ مدکر رہی ہے۔ گیس کی موجودہ قیمتوں میں مزیداضا فیصنعتوں بشمول جبلا ٹین بنانے والوں کی پیداواری لاگت میں اضا فہ کرےگا۔

### ماحول پراثر:۔

محفوظ اور صحت مند کام کے ماحول میں کاروبار کرنا کمپنی کی بنیادی ذمہ داری ہے۔ کمپنی کی پیداواری صلاحیت بہترین مشینری سے آراستہ ہے جو کہ زیادہ تریورپ کی بنی ہوئی ہیں۔ ماحول دوست طریقوں پڑمل کویقینی بنانے کیلئے کمپنی نے ایس جی ایس پاکستان سے ۱۵۵۰-۱۶۰۰ سٹر فیکیٹ حاصل کیا ہوا ہے۔ فیکٹری کی حدود میں جیلا ٹین بنانے کیلئے بین الاقوامی طریقوں پرتختی ہے مل کیا جاتا ہے اور ابھی تک ماحول پراس کے کوئی منفی اثر اتنہیں دیکھے گئے۔ مستقبل کے امکانات:۔

پاکستان اس وقت 19-COVID وباکی چوتھی لہرسے میں سے گزرر ہا ہے لیکن روک تھام کی بہتر حکمت عملی جس میں سارٹ لاک ڈاؤن اور وسیج ویکسینیشن مہم شامل ہے سے اس کا معیشت پر اثر کم کرویا گیا ہے۔ پاکستان کی معیشت بہتری کی جانب گا مزن ہے اور اس بات کی توقع ہے کہ معاشی محاذ پر آنے والے دنوں میں استحکام نظر آئے گا۔

انظامیہ بہتر فر وخت کے حصول اور پیداوار میں اضافہ کے ساتھ ساتھ کوالٹی اور مصنوعات میں توسیج کے لیے کھر پورکوشش کررہی ہے۔ تنوع کے لیے اوسین کے تیار کرنے اور اس کی ایکسپورٹ کے منصوبے کی بنیا در کھ دی گئی ہے کہ بہت ذیا دہ توقع ہے کہ ہماری نئی کوشش کی وجہ سے متعقبل میں بہترین منافع حاصل ہوگا۔

توقع ہے کہ ہماری نئی کوشش کی وجہ سے متعقبل میں بہترین منافع حاصل ہوگا۔

# دار یکٹران کاٹریننگ پروگرام:

ڈائر بکٹران کیٹر بننگ سمپنی میں ایک مسلسل جاری عمل ہے۔ سمپنی اپنے ڈائر بکٹران اور دوسرے ایگز بکٹوز کی صلاحیت کو بڑھانے کیلئے جدید کورسز کی پیشکش کرتی ہے۔

ہمارے سات میں سے تین ڈائر یکٹران کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس کے تحت ٹریننگ سے مشتیٰ ہیں۔ دو ڈائر یکٹران بشمول ایک خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر سے اپنی ڈائر یکٹرٹریننگ پروگرام (DTP) پاکستان انسٹیٹیوٹ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس کے منظور شدہ اداروں سے کمل کرلیا ہے۔ ایک خاتون ڈائر یکٹراور نے نتخب شدہ خود مختار ڈائر یکٹر ہمی جب COVID-19 کی وباختم ہوجائے گی اپناٹریننگ پروگرام کمل کرلیں گے۔

## ممینی کے حصص میں خرید و فروخت:

اس سال ڈائر مکٹران ، ایگزیکٹوز ، ان کی بیویوں اور نابالغ بچوں میں سے سی نے بھی کمپنی کے قصص میں فروخت اخریداری اٹرانسفز ہیں کی گئی ہے۔

### آۋيترز:

موجودہ آڈیٹرز، ایم ۔ الماس اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکا وُئٹنٹس، لاہور نے ۳۰ جون ۲۰۲۱ء کوختم ہونے والے سال سے متعلق اپنا کا مکمل کرلیا ہے اور ۳۸ ویں سالانہ جنزل میٹنگ کے اختیام پرریٹائر ہوجائیں گے۔ ریٹائر ہونے والے آڈیٹرز، ایم ۔ الماس اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈ اکا وُنٹنٹس دوبارہ نتخبے ہونے کے اہل ہیں۔

لسادگیبنیز کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس ریگولیشنز ۱۹۰<u>۲</u>ء کی روسے آڈٹ کمیٹی نے ایم ۔الماس اینڈ کمپنی، جارٹرڈ اکا وَنَمْنُٹس کی تقرری کا جائزہ لیتے ہوئے ان کی سال ۲۲-۲۱-۲۱ء کیلئے شیجوٹری آڈیٹرز کی حیثیت سے تقرری اور معاوضہ کی سفارشات پیش کی ہیں۔

حصه داران کی تفصیل:

حصہ داران کی تفصیل صفحہ نمبر ۲۷ پرموجود ہے۔

اعتراف:

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز اپنے تمام ملاز مین کی کاوشوں اور لگن کی تعریف کرتا ہے جس نے نمینی کی انتظامیہ کو کاروباری معاملات احسن طریقے سے چلانے میں مدد کی۔

# Statement of Value Addition & Wealth Distribution for the year ended June 30, 2021

|                                      | 2021<br>(Rs. '000') | %age   | 2020<br>(Rs. '000') | %age    |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|---------|
| Value addition                       |                     |        |                     |         |
| Total revenue                        | 990,564             |        | 695,619             |         |
| Bought in materials & services       | (753,601)           |        | (483,793)           |         |
|                                      | 236,963             | 100.0% | 211,826             | 100.00% |
| Value distribution                   |                     |        |                     |         |
| To employees                         |                     |        |                     |         |
| Salaries, wages and benefits         | 131,292             | 55.41% | 122,589             | 57.87%  |
| To Government                        |                     |        |                     |         |
| Income taxes and Sales Tax           | 58,874              | 24.85% | 43,430              | 20.50%  |
| To providers of capital/funds        |                     |        |                     |         |
| Interest/Mark up on borrowed funds   | 23,877              | 10.08% | 27,428              | 12.95%  |
| Retained for reinvestment and growth |                     |        |                     |         |
| Depreciation & retained profits      | 22,920              | 9.67%  | 18,379              | 8.68%   |
|                                      | 236,963             | 100%   | 211,826             | 100%    |

# Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Name of the Company: Leiner Pak Gelatine Limited

Year ended: June 30, 2021

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are **7** as per the following:

| а | Male director   | 6 |
|---|-----------------|---|
| b | Female director | 1 |

2. The composition of the Board is as follows:

| Categories              | Name of Directors                                   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Independent Directors   | Rashid Minhas<br>Mian Zia ud Din                    |
| Non-Executive Directors | Ahmed Ali Riaz<br>Ijaz Ahmed Khwaja<br>Ayesha Ahmed |
| Executive Directors     | Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed<br>Ibrar Ahmed Khwaja           |

- 3. The directors have confirmed that n one of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company;
- 4. The company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5. The Board h as developed a vision/mission s tatement, overall corporate strategy and significant p olicies of the company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their d ate of approval or updating is maintained by the company;

- All the powers of the Bo ard have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board h as complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- 8. The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;

9. The Board has arranged Directors' Training program for the following:

| Sr. No. | Name of Directors   | Remarks                                |
|---------|---------------------|--|
| 1       | Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed | Exempt under CCG.                      |
| 2       | Ijaz Ahmed Khwaja   | Exempt under CCG.                      |
| 3       | Ibrar Ahmed Khwaja  | Exempt under CCG.                      |
| 4       | Mian Zia ud Din     | Completed Directors' Training Program. |
| 5       | Ahmed Ali Riaz      | Completed Directors' Training Program. |

- The Board has approved appointment of chief financial officer, company secretary and head of internal audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- 11. Chief financial officer and chief executive officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below.-

#### a) Audit Committee

Rashid Minhas (Chairman)
 Ijaz Ahmed Khwaja (Member)
 Ahmed Ali Riaz (Member)

#### b) HR and Remuneration Committee

Rashid Minhas (Chairman)
 Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed (Member)
 Ayesha Ahmed (Member)

13. The terms of reference of the a foresaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;

14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following,-

| a) Audit Committee; |  | (4 quarterly meetings) |
|---------------------|--|------------------------|
|                     |  |                        |

- b) HR and Remuneration Committee \_\_\_\_\_ (yearly)
- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function.
- 16. The statutory audi tors of the company have confirmed that t hey have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard;
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with; and
- 19. The requirement of regulation 6, relating to rounding up of fraction as one, is applicable on the Company after the expiry of the current term of the Board of Directors of the Company (which expires in January 2022).
- 20. Explanation for non compliance with non-mandatory requirements, other than regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:
  With reference to paragraph 9 above. The female non-executive director, Mrs. Ayesha Ahmed and one independent director Mr. Rashid Minhas, newly elected on 18 January, 2019, will complete their Director's Training Programme after the effects of COVID-19 and its subsequent surges are over.

Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed Chief Executive Office Ahmed Ali Riaz Chairman

LAHORE

Dated: October 07, 2021

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Leiner Pak Gelatine Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Leiner Pak Gelatine Limited for the year ended June 30, 2021 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021.

We highlight below non-compliance with the non-mandatory requirements of Regulation 19 of the CCG Regulations 2019 which has been explained in paragraph 20 of the enclosed Statement of Compliance whereby up to June 30, 2021, atleast 75% of the directors of the Company should either have acquired the prescribed certification under the Directors Training Program (DPT) or be exempt therefrom under the prescribed criteria. Further, any newly appointed director(s) is also required to acquire the DTP certification within one year from the date of appointment. Accordingly, five out of seven, that is, (71%) directors fulfill the above criteria while the female director and one independent director newly appointed on 18 January, 2019 did not complete the DTP certification within one year of their appointment as director due to the reason explained in the said paragraph 20.

Lahore

Dated: October 07, 2021

M. Almas & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Audit Engagement Partner

Mohammad Ijaz

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### To the members of Leiner Pak Gelatine Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Leiner Pak Gelatine Limited (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30,2021, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021, and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Material Uncertainty relating to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2 in the financial statements, which indicates that as at June 30, 2021 the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rupees 86.202 million. Further, in terms of a settlement with the Summit Bank Limited (SBL), the running finance facility amounting to Rupees. 30 million from SBL not renewed by the bank since September 2018, has partly been repaid during the year and the balance Rs. 19.475 million will be repaid in equal monthly installments up to 25 January, 2023. As stated in note 2, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 2 indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

| Key audit matters  | How the matter was addressed in our audit   |
|--|---|
| Review of recoverability of deferred tax asset                                       |   |
| (Refer to notes6.12 and 19 of the financial statements)                              | Our procedures in relation to this matter included: - E valuating the Directors' determination of the estimated   |
| Under International Accounting Standard 12, Income Taxes, the Company is required to | manner in which the deferred tax asset would be utilised by comparing the Directors' assessment to business plans and profit forecasts based on our knowledge of the business and |

review recoverability of the deferred tax assets recognized in the statement of financial position at each reporting period.

Recognition of deferred tax asset position involved management's estimate of future available taxable profits of the Company based on approved business plan. There is inherent uncertainty involved in forecasting future taxable profits and the probability of utilising the estimated minimum tax credits. Therefore, the recoverability of the Company's deferred tax asset was considered a key audit matter in our audit of the financial statements.

We considered this a key audit matter due to significant value of deferred tax asset on account of minimum tax and assumptions used by the management in this area.

the industry in which Company operates;

- Critically assessing whether profit forecasts are reasonable in relation to historical trends, current year performance and future plans;
- Analyzing the requirements of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, in relation to above and considering the factors including aging analysis, expiry periods of relevant deferred tax assets and tax rates enacted; and
- Assessing the appropriateness of management's accounting for deferred taxes and the accuracy of related disclosures.

### 2. Valuation of stock in trade

Refer notes 6.4, 21 and 29 of the financial statements.

Stock in trade as at year ended June 30,2021 having carrying value of Rs. 431.120 million constitutes 37.645% of total assets.

We identified the valuation of stock in trade as key audit matter as it directly affects the profitability of the Company. Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of stock in trade, amongst others, included the following:

- Obtaining an understanding of internal controls over purchases and valuation of stock in trade and testing, on a sample basis, their design, implementation and operating effectiveness;
- Comparing on as sample basis specific purchases with underlying supporting documents / agreements, if any;
- Comparing calculations of the allocation of directly attributable costs and allocation of factory overhead costs with the underlying supporting documents;
- Physical observation of stock in trade inventory count at the year end;
- Test of valuation methods and their appropriateness in accordance with applicable accounting standards;
- Obtaining an understanding of management's determination of net realizable value (NRV) and the key estimates adopted, including future selling prices, future costs to complete work in process and costs necessary to make the sales and their basis; and
- Comparing the NRV, on a sample basis, to the cost of finished goods to assess whether any adjustments are required to value stock in trade in accordance with applicable accounting and reporting standards.

### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- n Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- ñ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- ñ Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our

Leiner Pak Gelatine Ltd.

2020-2021

opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

ñ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rarecircumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mohammad Ijaz.

Lahore

Date: October 07, 2021

M. Almas & Co.
Chartered Accountants

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2021

|  | Note     | 30 June 2021 30 June 2020Rupees in thousand |                    |  |
|--|----------|---|--------------------|--|
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES   |          |   |                    |  |
| Share capital and reserves                                     |          |   |                    |  |
| Share capital  | 7        | 75,000                                      | 75,000             |  |
| Revenue Reserve:<br>Unappropriated profit / (Accumulated loss) |          | 1,732                                       | (3,272)            |  |
| Capital Reserve:   |          | 1,732                                       | (3,272)            |  |
| Surplus on revaluation of property, plant                      |          |   |                    |  |
| and equipment  | 8        | 336,262<br>412,994                          | 336,262<br>407,990 |  |
| Non-current liabilities  |          |   |                    |  |
|  | _        |   |                    |  |
| Long term finance  | 9        | 16,425                                      | 9,786              |  |
| Lease liabilities  | 10       | 6,953                                       | 3,637              |  |
|  |          | 23,378                                      | 13,423             |  |
| Current liabilities  |          |   |                    |  |
| Trade and other payables                                       | 12       | 409,390                                     | 255,540            |  |
| Unclaimed dividend   | 11       | 771   | 771                |  |
| Mark-up accrued  | 13       | 3,411                                       | 5,360              |  |
| Short term borrowings Current portion of long term finance     | 14 9     | 269,827    <br>21,200                       | 306,207<br>3,262   |  |
| Current portion of lease liabilities                           | 10       | 4,240                                       | 2,339              |  |
| F  |          | 708,839                                     | 573,479            |  |
| Contingencies and commitments                                  | 15       | 1,145,211                                   | 994,892            |  |
|  | _        | 1,110,211                                   | 001,002            |  |
| ASSETS   |          |   |                    |  |
| Non-current assets   |          |   |                    |  |
| Property, plant and equipment                                  | 16       | 520,775                                     | 501,955            |  |
| Intangible assets Long term deposits                           | 17<br>18 | -<br>1,799                                  | -<br>255           |  |
| Deferred taxation  | 19       | 1,733                                       | -                  |  |
| Current coasts   | _        | 522,574                                     | 502,210            |  |
| Current assets   |          |   |                    |  |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools                            | 20       | 108,211                                     | 114,368            |  |
| Stock-in-trade   | 21       | 431,120                                     | 308,556            |  |
| Trade debts  | 22       | 8,622                                       | 7,477              |  |
| Advances Trade deposits and short term prepayments             | 23<br>24 | 2,331   686                                 | 1,354<br>1,539     |  |
| Other receivables  | 25       | 26,737                                      | 21,443             |  |
| Advance income tax-net   | 26       | 40,329                                      | 37,480             |  |
| Cash and bank balances   | 27       | 4,601                                       | 465                |  |
|  |          | 622,637                                     | 492,682            |  |
|  |          | 1,145,211                                   | 994,892            |  |

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

LAHORE Dated: October 07, 2021 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED Chief Executive Officer & Managing Director IBRAR AHMED KH. Director

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

|  | Note | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees in | 30 June 2020<br>thousand |
|--|------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Sales-net                                    | 28   | 941,515                   | 660,888                  |
| Cost of sales                                | 29   | 836,630                   | 559,040                  |
| Gross profit                                 |      | 104,885                   | 101,848                  |
| Other income                                 | 30   | 3,419                     | 611                      |
|  |      | 108,304                   | 102,459                  |
| Distribution cost                            | 31   | 10,200                    | 5,951                    |
| Administrative expenses                      | 32   | 51,633                    | 54,687                   |
| Other operating expenses                     | 33   | 1,805                     | 1,657                    |
| Finance cost                                 | 34   | 26,418                    | 28,926                   |
| Profit before taxation                       |      | 18,248                    | 11,238                   |
| Taxation                                     | 35   | 13,244                    | 9,310                    |
| Profit after taxation                        |      | 5,004                     | 1,928                    |
| Earning per share-basic and diluted (Rupees) | 36   | 0.67                      | 0.26                     |

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

LAHORE Dated: October 07, 2021 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED
Chief Executive Officer
& Managing Director

IBRAR AHMED KH.
Director

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

|   | 30 June 2021 30 June 20<br>Rupees in thousand |       |  |
|---|---|-------|--|
| Profit after taxation                   | 5,004   | 1,928 |  |
| Other comprehensive income              | -   | 1     |  |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | 5,004   | 1,928 |  |

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

LAHORE Dated: October 07, 2021 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED
Chief Executive Officer
& Managing Director

IBRAR AHMED KH. Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

|   |  | Res   | erves  |         |
|---|--|---|--|---------|
|   | Share capital                                      | Revenue Reserve                                   | Capital Reserve  |         |
|   | Issued, subscribed<br>and paid up share<br>capital | Accumulated<br>loss /<br>Unappropriated<br>profit | Surplus on<br>revaluation of<br>property, plant and<br>equipment | Total   |
|   |  | Rupees i  | n thousand   |         |
| Balance at June 30, 2019                          | 75,000   | (5,200)   | 336,262  | 406,062 |
| Profit for the year                               | -  | 1,928   | -  | 1,928   |
| Other comprehensive income                        |  | 1,928   |  | 1,928   |
| Balance at June 30, 2020                          | 75,000   | (3,272)   | 336,262  | 407,990 |
| Profit for the year<br>Other comprehensive income | ·  | 5,004   | -  | 5,004   |
| One: Comprehensive income                         | - 3  | 5,004   | -  | 5,004   |
| Balance at June 30, 2021                          | 75,000   | 1,732   | 336,262  | 412,994 |

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

KH. IMTIAZ AHMED

LAHORE Chief Executive Officer

Dated: October 07, 2021 & Managing Director

IBRAR AHMED KH.
Director

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

|   | Note  | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees in t | 30 June 2020<br>housand |
|---|-------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                                 |       |                             |                         |
| Cash generated from operations                                      | 37    | 100,391                     | 23,925                  |
| Finance cost paid   |       | (26,636)                    | (27,021)                |
| Payments to provident fund  |       | (3,358)                     | (3,182)                 |
| Taxes paid  |       | (16,093)                    | (15,425)                |
| Sales tax paid  |       | (5,294)                     | (2,232)                 |
| Workers' Welfare Fund paid  |       | (171)                       | (233)                   |
| Workers' Profit Participation Fund paid                             |       | (215)                       | (844)                   |
| Net cash genrated from / (used in) operating activities             |       | 48,624                      | (25,012)                |
| CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                                 |       |                             |                         |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment                          |       | (28,945)                    | (24,565)                |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment             |       | 435                         | 540                     |
| Increase in long term deposits                                      |       | (1,544)                     | -                       |
| Net cash used in investing activities                               |       | (30,054)                    | (24,025)                |
| CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                                 |       |                             |                         |
|   |       |                             |                         |
| Payment of lease liabilities  |       | (2,631)                     | (1,739)                 |
| Long-term finance from banking companies – (repaid) / obtained - ne |       | (5,407)                     | 13,048                  |
| Short-term Borrowings from banking companies – (repaid) / obtained  | - net | (6,396)                     | 37,872                  |
| Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities            |       | (14,434)                    | 49,181                  |
| Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents                           |       | 4,136                       | 144                     |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year              |       | 465                         | 321                     |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year                    | 38    | 4,601                       | 465                     |

The annexed notes 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statements.

KH. IMTIAZ AHMED IBRAR AHMED KH. MUHAMMAD JAVAID
LAHORE Chief Executive Officer Director Chief Financial Officer

& Managing Director Chief Financial Officer

### 1 THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Leiner Pak Gelatine Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on 14 February 1983 as a public limited Company. The registered office of the Company is situated at 17-G, Gulberg II, Lahore and manufacturing facility is located at 19 Kilometer, Shahrah-e-Pakistan, Kala Shah Kaku, District Sheikhupura. The Company is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The principal activity of the Company is manufacturing and sale of gelatine and dicalcium phosphate etc., produced from animal bones.

### 2 GOING CONCERN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

As at June 30, 2021 the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rupees 86.202 million. Further, as mentioned in note 14.6 in these financial statements, the running finance facility amounting to Rupees. 30 million from the Summit Bank Limited was not renewed after September, 2018. In terms of settlement with Summit Bank Limited dated March 15, 2021, Rs. 10.5 million has been paid by April 2021 while the balance Rs. 19.5 is payable in 15 equal monthly installments of Rs 1.3 million each between the period from November 2021 to January 2023. These events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, the Company may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The effects of measures taken by the management of the Company have positive impact on the performance of the Company whereby turnover has increased by 42% resulting into profit after tax amounting to Rs. 5.004 million during the year ended June 30, 2021. The approved financial projections also show continued improvements and profitability. Further, keeping in view the following factors, the management foresees that the Company will continue to be a going concern.

- There is continued demand for the products of the Company. Demand of Halal Gelatine exists in foreign and local markets as "Halal Gelatine is equally consumed in Muslim and Non-Muslim countries.
- There is continued financial support of the Company's sponsors. The sponsors' of the Company have inducted up to June 30, 2021 Rupees 111.166 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 80.263 million) interest free loans. They are also committed to induct further funds, if the need arises, to address any liquidity issues for smooth operations; and
- The existence of new sales orders (local as well as exports) along with advance payments received there against.

These financial statements have, therefore, been prepared using going concern basis of accounting and, accordingly, do not include any adjustments relating to realization of its assets and the liquidation of any liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

### 3 IMPACT OF COVID-19

The pandemic of COVID-19 that has rapidly spread all across the world has not only endangered human lives but has also adversely impacted the global economy. The Company continued to carry out its operations during the year after implementing all the necessary Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) to ensure safety of employees and has taken all necessary steps to ensure smooth and adequate continuation of Business. Management believes that there is no significant adverse impact of the effects of COVID-19 on the operations of the Company and on these financial statements. However, pursuant to relaxation announced by the State Bank of Pakistan in view of this pandemic, the Company has availed has availed concessional loan to disburse salaries and wages which is fully explained in note 9 to these financial statements.

### 4 NEW STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO PUBLISHED APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Company has adopted all the new standards and amendments to the following approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan which became effective during the year:

Effective date

### 4.1 Effective in current year and not relevant to the Company

| IFRS 3  | Business Combinations  | (Annual Periods<br>beginning on Or<br>after)<br>January 01, 2020 |
|---------|--|--|
| IFRS 16 | Leases - The objective of the amendment is to give   | January 01, 2020   |
| IFKS 10 | timely relief to lessees to Covid-19 - related rent concessions while still enabling them to provide useful information about their leases to investors. | J04 0000   |
| 1500.7  |  | January 01, 2020   |
| IFRS 7  | Financial Instruments "disclosures"  | January 01, 2020   |
| IFRS 9  | Financial Instruments  | January 01, 2020   |
| IAS 1   | Presentation of Financial Statements - amendments to<br>its definition of material to make it easier for companies                                       |  |
|         | to make materiality judgments.   | January 01, 2020   |
| IAS 39  | Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement   | January 01, 2020   |
| IAS 41  | Agriculture.   | January 01, 2020   |
|         |  |  |

### 4.2 The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) and amendments not yet effective

|        |  | Effective date<br>(Annual Periods<br>beginning on Or<br>after) |
|--------|--|--|
| IFRS 3 | Business Combinations - amendments updating a<br>reference to the Conceptual Framework   | January 01, 2022   |
| IFRS 4 | Insurance Contracts - Amendments regarding the expiry date of the deferral approach  | January 01, 2023   |
| IFRS 9 | Financial Instruments - The amendment clarifies which fees an entity includes when it applies the '10 per cent' test in assessing whether to derecognize a financial   |  |
| IAS 1  | liability  Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments regarding The classification of current and non-current liabilities.  | January 01, 2022   |
| IAS 8  | Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - Amendment regarding the definition of accounting estimates, the standard defines the concept of a "change in accounting estimates".  | January 01, 2023  January 01, 2023                             |
| IAS 12 | Income taxes - Amendment regarding to clarify how<br>Companies account for deferred tax on leases and<br>decommissioning obligations   |  |
| IAS 16 | Property, plant and equipment - The amendments clarify the prohibition on an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition. | January 01, 2023   |
| IAS 37 | Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets  — The amendments specify the costs a company should include as the cost of fulfilling a contract when assessing whether a contract is onerous.   | January 01, 2022   |
|        |  | 1  |

January 01, 2022

The IASB issued 'Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2 (Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16)' with amendments that address issues that might affect financial reporting after the reform of an interest rate benchmark, including its replacement with alternative benchmark rates. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2021.

The amendments in above standards are not likely to have any material effect on Company's financial statements other than presentations / disclosures.

### 5 BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 5.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of;

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

### 5.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for freehold land at revalued amount. In these financial statements, except for the statement of cash flows, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

### 5.3 Judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of making judgments about carrying value of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Judgements made by management in the application of approved accounting standards that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the subsequent years are discussed in the note - 39.

### 5.4 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

### **6 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

### 6.1 Property, plant and equipment

### Recognition and measurement

Property, plant and equipment are tangible items that are held for use in production or supply of goods or services, for rentals to others or for administrative purposes and are expected to be used during more than one year. An item of property, plant and equipment is recognized when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. On initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the item.

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses with the exception of freehold land which is measured at revalued amount.

Parts of an item of property, plant and equipment having different useful lives are recognized as separate items.

Major renewals and improvements to an item of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the embodied future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the cost of renewal or improvement can be measured reliably. The cost of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land are recognized, in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation surplus in shareholders' equity. To the extent that increase reverses a decrease previously recognized in the statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognized in other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to the statement of profit or loss. The revaluation surplus is not available for distribution to the Company's shareholders.

### Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

### Depreciation

Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss by applying reducing balance method over the useful life of each item of property, plant and equipment using the rates specified in note 16.1 to the financial statements.

Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the month in which the item becomes available for use. Depreciation is discontinued from the month in which the item is disposed or classified as held for disposal.

The depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

### De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is de-recognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any profit or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

### 6.2 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monitory asset without physical substance.

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the expected future benefits will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Cost of intangible asset (i.e. computer software) includes purchase cost and directly attributable expenses incidental to bring the asset for its intended use.

Cost associated with maintaining computer software are recognized as an expense as and when incurred.

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization is charged over the estimated useful life of the asset as specified in note 17 on a systematic basis applying the straight line method.

Useful lives of intangible operating assets are reviewed, at each reporting date and adjusted if the impact of amortization is significant.

### 6.3 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

These are generally held for internal use and, except for items in transit which are valued at invoice price plus related expenses incurred up to the reporting date, are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the basis of weighted average. Provision for obsolete and slow moving items is made based on management's best estimate regarding their future usability.

### 6.4 Stock-in-trade

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the following basis:

Raw material Weighted average cost
Work-in-process Average manufacturing cost
Finished goods Average manufacturing cost

Raw material in transit Invoice price plus related expenses incurred up to the reporting date.

Average manufacturing cost in relation to work-in-process and finished goods consists of direct material, labor and a proportion of appropriate manufacturing overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

For items which are slow moving, a provision is made for excess of carrying amount over estimated net realizable value.

### 6.5 Financial instruments

### 6.5.1 Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

### a) Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Interest income from these financial assets, impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses, and gain or loss arising on derecognition are recognized directly in profit or loss.

### b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

### c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are those financial assets which are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. A gain or loss on debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Financial assets are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently remeasured to fair value, amortized cost or cost as the case may be. Any gain or loss on the recognition and de-recognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the profit or loss for the period in which it arises.

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Assets or liabilities that are not contractual in nature and that are created as a result of statutory requirements imposed by the Government are not the financial instruments of the Company.

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets carried at amortized cost and fair value through other comprehensive income. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognized from initial recognition of the receivables. The Company recognizes in profit or loss, as an impairment gain or loss, the amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date.

### 6.5.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities at amortized costs are initially measured at fair value minus transaction costs. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective yield method.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange and modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognized in the profit or loss.

### 6.5.3 Off-setting of financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set-off the transaction and also intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 6.6 Right-of-use assets and Lease liabilities

### 6.6.1 Right-of-use assets

Right of use assets are initially measured at cost being the present value of lease payments, initial direct costs, any lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease as reduced by any incentives received. These are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is charged on straight line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the asset. Where the ownership of the asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or if the cost of the asset reflects that the Company will exercise the purchase option, depreciation is charged over the useful life of asset. Depreciation is charged to profit or loss account at rates given in note 16.1.

### 6.6.2 Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If the implicit rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate is used. Subsequently these are increased by interest, reduced by lease payments and remeasured for lease modifications, if any.

Liabilities in respect of short term and low value leases are not recognized and payments against such leases are recognized as expense in profit or loss. At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for a consideration and uses hindsight when determining the lease term if the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

### 6.7 Employee benefits

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit under which an entity pays fixed contribution into a separate entity and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further amounts. Obligation for contribution to a defined contribution plan is recognized as an employee service benefit expense in the statement of profit or loss when it is due.

The Company operates a recognized provident fund for all its regular employees. Equal monthly contributions are made to the fund both by the Company and employees at the rate of 8.5% of the basic salary. The fund is administrated by the Trustees.

### 6.8 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

### 6.9 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognized initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional, unless they contain significant financing component in which case such are recognized at fair value. The Company holds the trade debts with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures the trade debts subsequently at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Impairment of trade debts and other receivables is described in note 6.16.

### 6.10 Revenue Recognition

- Local sales are recognized as revenue when invoiced with the transfer of control of goods, which coincides with delivery.
- Export sales are recognized as revenue when invoiced with the transfer of control of goods, which coincides either with the date of bill of lading or upon delivery to customer or its representative, based on terms of arrangement.

### 6.11 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, or added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying asset is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. All other borrowing costs are recognized in the profit or loss as incurred.

### 6.12 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income respectively. In making the estimates for income taxes currently payable by the Company, the management considers the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

### Current

Provision for current taxation is the amount computed on taxable income at the current rates of taxation or alternative corporate tax computed on accounting income or minimum tax on turnover, whichever is higher, and taxes paid / payable on final tax basis, after taking into account tax credits, reades and exemptions available, if any. The charge for the current tax also includes adjustments where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from the assessments made / finalized during the year. The amount of unpaid income tax in respect of current or prior periods is recognized as a liability. Any excess paid over what is due in respect of the current or the prior periods is recognized as an asset.

### Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for the financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income that is subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the requirement of "Technical Release-27" of The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

Deferred tax is measured at rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse based on laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. A deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences to the extent that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

### 6.13 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPS is calculated by adjusting basic EPS by the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares and post-tax effect of changes in profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company that would result from conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

### 6.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of statement of cash flows comprise cash and bank balances. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost.

### 6.15 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currency are translated to the functional currency of the Company using exchange rate at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the reporting date are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at fair value are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate at the date that fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at historical cost are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate at the date of transaction. Any gain or loss arising on transaction is recognized in profit or loss.

### 6.16 Impairment

### Financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) in respect of financial assets measured at amortized cost

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, except for the following, which are measured at 12-month ECLs:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balance for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than past due for a reasonable period of time. Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months). The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the Gross carrying amount of the assets.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering of a financial asset in its entirely or a portion thereof. The Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company expect no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

### Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss. An impairment loss is recognized in statement of profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. Value-in-use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

### 6.17 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the correct best estimate.

### 6.18 Dividend to shareholders

Dividend paid to shareholders is recognized in the year in which it is declared.

### 6.19 Segment reporting

Segment information is presented on the same basis as that used for internal reporting purposes by the Chief Operating Decision Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. On the basis of its internal reporting structure, the Company considers itself to be a single reportable segment, however, certain information, as required by the approved accounting standards, is presented in note 42 to these financial statements.

### 6.20 Contingent labilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when:

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

### 6.21 Government grants

Government grants are transfers of resources to an entity by a government entity in return for compliance with certain past or future conditions related to the entity's operating activities - e.g. a government subsidy.

The definition of "government" refers to governments, government agencies and similar bodies, whether local, national or international. The Company recognizes government grants when there is reasonable assurance that grants will be received and the Company will be able to comply with conditions associated with grants.

Government grants are recognized at fair value, as deferred income, when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the Company will be able to comply with the conditions associated with the grants. Grants that compensate the Company for expenses incurred, are recognized on a systematic basis in the income for the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Grants that compensate for the cost of an asset are recognized in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related asset.

A loan is initially recognized and subsequently measured in accordance with IFRS 9. IFRS 9 requires loans at below-market rates to be initially measured at their fair value - e.g. the present value of the expected future cash flows discounted at a market-related interest rate. The benefit that is the government grant is measured as the difference between the fair value of the loan on initial recognition and the amount received, which is accounted for according to the nature of the grant.

30 June 2020

30 June 2021

16,425

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SHARE CAPITAL

| •   | SIDILE OF TIME  |  | Rupees in thou   | sand—                                  |
|-----|---|--|--|--|
|     | Authorised share capital  |  |  |  |
|     | 10,000,000 (June 30, 2020: 10,000,000) ordina   | ary shares   | 100,000  | 100,000                                |
|     | of Rupees 10 each   |  |  |  |
|     | Issued, subscribed and paid up share capita   | ı  |  |  |
|     | 7,500,000 (June 30, 2020: 7,500,000) ordinar  | v shares   |  |  |
|     | of Rupees 10 each issued as fully paid in cash  |  | 75,000   | 75,000                                 |
|     |   |  | 75,000   | 75,000                                 |
| 7.1 | Ordinary shares of the Company held by ass  | sociated undertaking as at vear end are  | as follows:  |  |
|     |   |  | 30 June 2021   | 30 June 2020                           |
|     |   |  | (Number of sha   |  |
|     | INA Securities (Private) Limited  |  | 370,000  | 370,000                                |
|     |   |  | 370,000  | 370,000                                |
| 8   | SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERT   | Y PLANT AND FOLIPMENT  | 30 June 2021   | 30 June 2020                           |
| ٠   | SORPESS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERT   | I, FERTI AND EQUIPMENT   | Rupees in thou   |  |
|     | Revaluation surplus   | -note- 8.1   | 336,262  | 336,262                                |
| 8.1 | Revaluation surplus   |  |  |  |
|     | Revaluation surplus relating to revaluation carri   | ied out at June 30, 1990   | 8,873  | 8,873                                  |
|     | Revaluation surplus relating to revaluation carri   | ied out at June 09, 2008   | 69,325   | 69,325                                 |
|     | Revaluation surplus relating to revaluation carri   | ied out at April 05, 2012  | 85,936   | 85,936                                 |
|     | Revaluation surplus relating to revaluation carri   | ied out at April 26, 2016  | 114,780  | 114,780                                |
|     | Revaluation surplus relating to revaluation carri   | ied out at May 15, 2019  | 57,348   | 57,348                                 |
|     |   |  | 336,262  | 336,262                                |
| 8.2 | The Company had revalued its freehold land revaluation was carried out by independent respectively to replace the carrying amount or revaluation on June 30, 1990, June 09, 2000 property, plant and equipment. | aluers Mr. Anwar ul Haq in 1990 and M<br>f land with local market values. The folk | M/S Hamid Mukhtar & Co. in 2008, 2<br>lowing aggregated net appraisal surp | 2012, 2016, 2019<br>blus arisen on the |
|     |   | Book value   | Re-valued amount   | Surplus on re-<br>valuation            |
|     |   |  | Rupees in thousand   | Valuation                              |
|     | Freehold land   | 7,826  | 344,088  | 336,262                                |
|     |   | 7,826  | 344,088  | 336,262                                |
| 8.3 | Since the revaluation relate to freehold land w<br>depreciable amount no incremental depreciati<br>have been made in the above note.  |  |  |  |
|     |   |  | 30 June 2021   | 30 June 2020                           |
|     | LONG TERM ENLANCE ACCURED   |  |  |  |

|   |   |                    | *************************************** | *************************************** |
|---|---|--------------------|---|---|
| 9 | LONG TERM FINANCE - SECURED                     |                    | Rupees in the                           | ousand———                               |
|   | Bank Al Habib Limited                           | -note- 9.1         | 17,327                                  | 11,650                                  |
|   | Summit Bank Limited                             | -note- 14.6 & 14.8 | 19,475                                  | - 1                                     |
|   | Current portion shown under current liabilities |                    | (20,434)                                | (2,354)                                 |
|   |   |                    | 16,368                                  | 9,296                                   |
|   | Deferred Income-Government Grant                |                    | 823                                     | 1,398                                   |
|   | Current portion shown under current liabilities |                    | (766)                                   | (908)                                   |
|   |   |                    |   | 400                                     |

9.1 The Company obtained approval of term finance facility for Rs. 24.227 million from Bank Al Habib Limited under Refinancing Scheme of the State Bank of Pakistan specifically for paying salaries and wages to Company's employees. The Company has made third drawdown of Rs.6.824 million in July 2020, and forth drawdown of Rs. 4.328 million in September 2020. These are repayable in 8 equal quarterly installments during the period from January 2021 to December 2022.

This term loan is secured by way of 1st. Pari Pasu charge of Rs. 180 million over all current assets of the Company already registered with SECP. Equitable mortgage supported by lst. Pari Pasu charge for Rs. 250 million over land, building and plant & machinery of the Company situated at 19 K.M G.T Road, Kala Shah Kaku. Equitable mortgage for Rs. 50 million over 24 kanal and 6 marla of Company land situated at 19 K.M G.T Road, Kala Shah Kaku. Personal Gurantee of three directors / shareholders for Rs 250 million each. The rate of markup is fixed at 3% per annum.

Government grant aggregating to Rs. 2.401 million has been recorded up to June 30, 2021 (June 30, 2020: Rs. 1.475 million). Grant amortized during the year ended June 30, 2021 is Rs.1.502 million (June 30, 2020: Rs. 0.077 million) thereby making the aggregate amortization up to June 30, 2021 Rs. 1.579 million. In accordance with the terms of the grant, the company is prohibited to lay-off the employees atleast for three months from the period of the grant.

| 10 | Lease liabilities  |             | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees in the | 30 June 2020<br>ousand———— |
|----|--|-------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
|    | Present value of minimum lease payments<br>Less: current portion presented under current liabilities | -note- 10.2 | 11,193<br>4,240               | 5,976<br>2,339             |
|    |  |             | 6,953                         | 3,637                      |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND

- Where the implicit rate is available in the lease contract, that has been used. In case of Right-of use asset for the office building the Company's incremental borrowing rate 15.72% is used.
- 10.2 Future minimum payments and their present values are regrouped as under:

|   | Rupees in thousand |   |               |   |  |
|---|--------------------|---|---------------|---|--|
|   | 2021               |   | 2020          |   |  |
|   | Over one year      | more than one year<br>but less than five<br>years | Over one year | more than one year<br>but less than five<br>years |  |
| Total minimum lease payments            | 5,067              | 7,917   | 3,097         | 3,975   |  |
| Less : Finance charges                  | (827)              | (964)   | (758)         | (338)   |  |
| Present value of minimum lease payments | 4,240              | 6,953   | 2,339         | 3,637   |  |

| 11 | UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND                 |             | 771                           | 771          |
|----|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
|    |                                    |             |                               |              |
| 12 | TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES           |             | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees in the | 30 June 2020 |
|    |                                    |             | •                             |              |
|    | Creditors                          |             | 233,471                       | 135,824      |
|    | Accrued liabilities                | -note- 12.1 | 53,060                        | 24,430       |
|    | Contract liabilities               | -note- 12.2 | 117,793                       | 91,938       |
|    | Payable to provident fund          | -note- 44.3 | 811                           | 736          |
|    | Other payable                      |             | 30                            | -            |
|    | Income tax withheld payable        |             | 26                            | 26           |
|    | Workers' Profit Participation Fund | -note- 12.3 | 3.375                         | 2.357        |
|    | Workers' Welfare Fund              |             | 824                           | 229          |
|    |                                    |             | 409,390                       | 255,540      |

- This includes salaries payable to a related party (Kh. Imtiaz Ahmed- chief executive) as at June 30, 2021 Rs. 7,523,556 (June 30, 2020: Rs. 12.1
- Contract liabilities represent unsecured advances from customers for the supply of goods by the Company during the period of one year from the reporting date. Such advances as at June 30, 2020 amounting to Rs. 91.938 million have been recognized in the revenue for the year ended June 30, 2021. 12.2

### 12.3 Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF)

| Balance at beginning of the year        |           | 2,357 | 2,233 |
|---|-----------|-------|-------|
| Interest on funds utilized in Company's |           |       |       |
| business                                | -note- 34 | 229   | 346   |
| Allocation/expense for the year         | -note- 33 | 1,004 | 622   |
|   |           | 3,590 | 3,201 |
| Less: paid to the fund during the year  |           | 215   | 844   |
|   |           | 3,375 | 2,357 |
|   |           |       |       |

Interest is paid at prescribed rate under the Companies Profits (Workers' Participation) Act, 1968 on funds utilized by the Company till the date of allocation to workers.

| 13 | MARK-UP ACCRUED | 30 June 2021 | 30 June 2020 |
|----|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
|    |                 | Rupees in th | ousand       |
|    |                 |              |              |

### On borrowings from banking companies-secured

| Lease liabilities                       | 13    | 3     |
|---|-------|-------|
| Long term finance – secured             | 140   | 30    |
| Short term borrowings                   | 3,258 | 5,327 |
| - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 | 3 411 | 5 360 |

### SHORT TERM BORROWINGS

Export Refinance

### From banking companies-secured

| Bank Al-Habib Limited                      | -note- 14.1, 14.7 | 50,000  | -       |
|--|-------------------|---------|---------|
| Short Term Finance against payables        |                   |         |         |
| Bank Al-Habib Limited                      | -note- 14.3, 14.7 | 25,000  | 25,000  |
| Short Term Finance against IBP receivables |                   |         |         |
| Bank Al-Habib Limited                      | -note- 14.4, 14.7 | 25,000  | 25,000  |
| Running finance                            |                   |         |         |
| Bank Al-Habib Limited                      | -note- 14.5, 14.7 | 58,661  | 145,960 |
| Summit Bank Limited                        | -note- 14.6, 14.8 | -       | 29,984  |
|  |                   | 158,661 | 225,944 |

### From related parties-unsecured

| Loans from director and close relative thereof | -note- 14.11 | 111,166 | 80,263  |
|--|--------------|---------|---------|
|  |              | 269,827 | 306,207 |

- 14.1 The finance against packing credit (FAPC) facility having sanctioned limit of Rupees 50 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees nill ) including one-off FAPC facility Rupees 25 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees nill ) has been obtained from Bank Al-Habib Limited. The rate of mark-up on this facility is three months KIBOR plus 1.75% per annum. The principle is to be repaid upon realization of exports proceeds as per the tenor of respective bill but not later than 120 days from the draw down date or on demand while mark-up is to be serviced upon adjustment of loan or at the end of each calendar quarter whichever is earlier. The facility is valid till February 07, 2024 with credit review on annual basis.
- 14.2 The finance against foreign bills (FAFB-OWN) facility having sanctioned limit of Rupees 25 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 25 million) has been obtained from Bank Al-Habib Limited for working capital requirements. The rate of mark-up on this facility is three months KIBOR plus 1.75% per annum. The principle is to be repaid upon realization of exports proceeds as per the tenor of respective bill but not later than 180 days from the draw down date or on demand while mark-up is to be served upon adjustment of loan or at the end of each calendar quarter whichever is earlier. The facility has not been utilized upto June 30, 2021.
- 14.3 The short term finance facility having sanctioned limit of Rupees 25 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 25 million) has been obtained from Bank Al-Habib Limited for purchase of raw material. It carries mark-up at three months KIBOR plus 1.75% (June 30, 2020: three months KIBOR plus 1.75%) per annum payable quarterly. The principle amount is to be repaid in 90 days through business cash flows. The facility is valid till February 07, 2024 with credit review on annual basis.
- 14.4 The IBP receivable finance facility having sanctioned limit of Rupees 25 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 25 million) has been obtained from Bank Al-Habib Limited for financing of receivables. It carries mark-up at three months KIBOR plus 1.75% (June 30, 2020: three months KIBOR plus 1.75%) per annum. The principal amount is to be repaid upon realization of export proceeds as per tenure of respective bill but not later than 90 days from draw down date or on demand while mark-up is to be serviced upon adjustment of each loan or at the end of each calendar quarter whichever is earlier. The facility is valid till February 07, 2024 with credit review on annual basis.
- 14.5 The running finance facility having sanctioned limit of Rupees 60 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 85 million) has been obtained from Bank Al-Habib Limited for working capital requirements. It carries mark-up at three months KIBOR plus 1.75% (June 30, 2020: three months KIBOR plus 1.75%) per annum payable quarterly. The facility is valid till February 07, 2024 with credit review on annual basis.
- 14.6 The running finance facility having sanctioned limit of Rupees 30 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 30 million) has been obtained from Summit Bank Limited for working capital requirements. The facility was not renewed after September 2018. In terms of settlement with Summit Bank Limited dated March 15, 2021, the outstanding balance on the said date Rs. 29,981,093 will be payable as under:
  - repayment of 35%, equal to Rs. 10,500,000 in four equal instalment of Rs 2,625,000 each between the period from 15 March 2021 to 30 April 2021.
  - -after a 6 months grace period from May 2021 to October 2021 the remaining 65% loan facilty is payable in 15 equal monthly instalment of Rs 1,300,000 each up to 25 January 2023.
  - -the said loan has accordingly being clasified as long term as per note 9 above.
- 14.7 The facilities mentioned in 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.4 and 14.5 are commonly secured against first pari passu charge of Rupees 180 million) over current assets of the Company registered with SECP. Equitable mortgage supported by first pari passu charge on fixed assets of Rupees 250 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 250 million) comprising land, building, plant and machinery situated at 19 KM G.T. Road Kala Shah Kaku. Lien over export documents under letter of credit and contract, shipping documents, accepted drafts, counter guarantee of the Company and personal guarantees of three Directors / Shareholders amounting to Rupees 250 million acch (June 30, 2020: Rupees 250 million). The running finance facility at note 14.4 in addition to securities aforesaid is also secured against pro note amounting to Rs. 144.5 million (June 2020: Rupees 144.5 million).
- 14.8 The facility mentioned in 14.6 is commonly secured against ranking charge of Rupees 40 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 40 million) over all present & future current assets of the Company with 25% margin, duly insured, with Summit Bank Limited and registered with SECP. Pari passu charge on fixed assets, comprising land, building, plant and machinery situated at 19 KM G.T. Road Kala Shah Kaku. Personal guarantees of three Directors along with Personal Net Worth Statement (PNWS). It carries mark-up at three months KIBOR plus 5%.
- As at June 30, 2021 the Company has facilities from Bank Al-Habib Limited relating to import letters of credit (sight/usance) amounting to Rupees 5 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 5 million). Additionally, Company has letter of guarantee facility amounting to Rupees 15 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 15 million) from Bank Al-Habib Limited.
- 14.10 The net aggregate short term borrowing facilities unavailed at end of June 30, 2021 amount to Rupees 26.339 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 25 million) and for letters of credit and bank guarantees amount to Rupees 8.744 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 8.744 million).
- 14.11 The loans from Chief Executive / director (Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed) and his close relative (Khwaja Ahmed Hassan) amounting to Rs. 79.314 million (June 30, 2020: 66.658 million) and Rs. 31.851 million (June 30, 2020: 13.605 million) respectively, are for working capital requirments. These loans are re-payable on demand and non-interest bearing.

### 15 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

### 15.1 Contingencies

- 15.1.1 The Pakistan Environmental Protection Agency has filed a complaint against the Company before the Environmental Protection Tribunal on Mach 25,2005 on account of Company's failure to properly dispose effluent water discharge during the production. The agency regards this to be a criminal offence. The Company has filed a writ petition against the Agency's claim before the Honourable Lahore High Court ("LHC") on April 8,2005. The Company has not recognized any liability in this regard since it awaits the decision of LHC which is pending. As per Legal Counsel of the Company it is anticipated that the Company has a fair chance of success. In this context, therefore, no adverse results can be contemplated.
- 15.1.2 Guarantees issued by bank on behalf of Company as at June 30, 2021 amounting to Rupees 11.256 million).

### 15.2 Commitments

There was no commitment as at June 30,2021 (June 30,2020 nill).

| COSTINEYALIED AMOUNT   Additions / Addit   | 16 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT     |                    |                            |               |           |                    |     |                    |           |              |              | 30 June 2021 30 J<br>Rupees in thousand— | 30 June 2020<br>cusand               |
|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------|-----|--------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| COSTREYALUED MADUNIT   COSTREYALUED MADUNIT   COSTREYALUED MADUNIT   Transfers   Ae at 30 June 2027   Aerual relee   Ae at 30 June 2020   Costrey   Costre   |                                      |                    |                            |               |           |                    |     |                    |           |              |              |  |                                      |
| COGTREVALUED AMOUNT    | siessis                              |                    |                            |               |           |                    |     |                    | - note -  | 16.1         |              | 518,377                                  | 490,558                              |
| Manual coordination   Coordination   Acad 30 June 2021   Acad 30 June 2020   Acad 30   | rogress                              |                    |                            |               |           |                    |     |                    | - note -  | 16.8         |              | 2,398                                    | 11,397                               |
| PARTICULARS   As at 30 Anna 2020   Reventitation   Disposals   Transfers   As at 30 Anna 2020   Additional   Disposals   Transfers   As at 30 Anna 2020   Annual rates   As at 30 Annual rates   As    | assets - for the year ended June 30, | 2021               |                            |               |           |                    |     |                    |           |              |              | 611,026                                  | 66,106                               |
| PARTICULARES         As at 30 Janes 2020         Additions of Reventiantion         Interest         Transitions         Interest         As at 30 Janes 2020         Additions of Reventiantion         As at 30 Janes 2020         As at 30 Ja   |                                      |                    | COST/RE                    | VALUED AMOUNT |           |                    |     |                    | DEP       | DEPRECIATION |              |  |                                      |
| March 9 Than   | PARTICULARS                          | As at 30 June 2020 | Additions /<br>Revaluation | Disposals     | Transfers | As at 30 June 2021 |     | As at 30 June 2020 | Disposals | Transfers    | For the year | As at 30 June 2021                       | Net book value as at<br>30 June 2021 |
| Mareistand   Mar   |                                      |                    |                            |               | - 1       |                    | Rup | ees in thousand-   |           |              |              |  |                                      |
| S44,088  | yy the                               |                    |                            |               |           |                    |     |                    |           |              |              |  |                                      |
| ofting- on flee hold land         104,127         2,3881         - 127,888         10%         10%         6           ding- on flee hold land         817         - 817         - 817         5%         10%  |                                      | 344,088            |                            |               | •         | 344,088            | •   |                    |           | •            |              | •  | 344,088                              |
| direct bold land         817         -         -         817         5%           markinery         280,586         12,285         -         222,580         10%         19           salidation and equipment         27,641         1,355         -         28,994         10%         19           g equipment         580         -         -         -         -         10%         10%         10%           gipment         6,614         525         -         -         -         10%         10%         10%           spipment         3,958         -         -         -         7,139         10%         6           requipment         261         -         -         -         10%         10%         10%           requipment         262         -   | on free hold land                    | 104,127            | 23,681                     | ٠             | ٠         | 127,808            |     |                    |           |              | 4,393        | 69,153                                   | 58,655                               |
| 12,285   12,385   12,385   19,86   19,8      | in free hold land                    | 817                |                            |               | •         | 817                | 2%  | 726                |           |              | 9            | 731                                      | 88                                   |
| 1,553  | nery                                 | 280,595            | 12,385                     |               | •         | 292,980            | 10% | 191,962            | •         | •            | 9,309        | 201,271                                  | 91,709                               |
| g equipment   78   | on and equipment                     | 27,641             | 1,353                      |               |           | 28,994             | 10% | 19,599             |           |              | 820          | 20,449                                   | 8,545                                |
| former deliphent S80 S80 10% propertion of other equipment S80 S80 10% 10% propertion of other equipment S80 S80 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10  | ipment                               | 78                 |                            |               |           | 8/                 | 10% |                    | ٠         | ٠            | 2            | 25                                       | 21                                   |
| ipment 6.614 5.25 - 7,199 10% 4 cquipment 3,968 - 7,968 10% 5 t and special equipment 261 - 7,99 10% 10% 10% 10,80 ing 417 - 7,529 - 7,529 10% 11% 10% 10  | r equipment                          | 280                |                            | ٠             |           | 280                |     | 548                |           |              | 8            | 551                                      | 29                                   |
| the dispecial equipment 251  | _                                    | 6,614              | 252                        |               | •         | 7,139              |     | 4,549              |           | •            | 123          | 4,770                                    | 2,369                                |
| ting special equipment 261   | ment                                 | 3,958              |                            | ٠             | ٠         | 3,958              | 10% | 3,456              |           | •            | 25           | 3,506                                    | 452                                  |
| Address and fittings 1,529 - 1,529 10% 10% 15,136 20% 1 | special equipment                    | 261                | •                          | ٠             |           | 261                | 10% | 249                | •         | •            | -            | 250                                      | 7                                    |
| 15,356   193   15,163   20%   193   15,163   20%   15   15   15   15   15   15   15   1  | s and fittings                       | 1,529              |                            |               | •         | 1,529              |     | 1,152              |           | •            | 88           | 1,190                                    | 339                                  |
| dig         417         10%           d scoolers         77         20%           ammunition         141         10%           197         197         10%           see assets         1,309         7,846         193         824,227         30           ding         6,607         7,848         2,507         20%         2           ding         6,607         200         2,457         20%         2   |                                      | 15,356             |                            | 193           | •         | 15,163             | 50% | 13,394             | 136       | •            | 388          | 13,646                                   | 1,517                                |
| ammunition 141   |                                      | 417                |                            |               | •         | 417                | 10% | 412                | •         | •            | -            | 413                                      | 4                                    |
| 2021 197 10% 2021 786,476 37,944 193 - 824,227 301 2021 786,476 37,944 193 - 824,227 301 2021 1,309 7,848 - 9,157 2,0% 2031 3,13,47 2,0% 2 | lers                                 | ш                  | •                          |               | •         | 11                 | 50% |                    |           | •            | -            | 02                                       | 7                                    |
| 2021 786,476 37,944 193 824,227 301 10% seeses 1,300 7,948 . 9,157 20% 1,300 6,667 33 19 %** 2,400 1,4 | nition                               | 141                |                            |               |           | 141                |     |                    | •         | •            | 7            | 79                                       | 62                                   |
| 1309 7,846 193 824,227 30 30 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4   |                                      | 197                | •                          |               | •         | 197                |     | 171                |           | •            | 3            | 174                                      | 23                                   |
| 1,309 7,846 9,157 20% 20% 2,400 9,157 20% 2,400 9,157 20% 2,400 9, | Sies                                 | 786,476            | 37,944                     | 133           |           | 824,227            |     | 301,174            | 136       |              | 15,272       | 316,310                                  | 507,917                              |
| ding 6,667 33.13%* 2   |                                      | 1,309              | 7,848                      |               |           | 9,157              |     | 498                |           | •            | 422          | 920                                      | 8,237                                |
| 101 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100  |                                      | 6,667              | ٠                          |               | ٠         | 6,667              |     | .,                 | •         | •            | 2,222        | 4,444                                    | 2,223                                |
| 45,732 193 • 640,051   | on 30-06-2021                        | 794,452            | 45,792                     | 193           | •         | 840,051            |     |                    | 136       | •            | 17,916       | 321,674                                  | 518,377                              |

\* lease term is 3 years and Right-of use asset depreciated on straight-line method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

16.2 Operating fixed assets - for the year ended June 30, 2020

|   |                    | 8                          | COST/REVALUED AMOUNT | N I       |                    | 0.0          |                       | DEPR      | DEPRECIATION |              |                    |                                      |
|---|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| PARTICULARS                                   | As at 30 June 2019 | Additions /<br>Revaluation | Disposals            | Transfers | As at 30 June 2020 | Annual rates | As at 30 June<br>2019 | Disposals | Transfers    | For the year | As at 30 June 2020 | Net book value as at<br>30 June 2020 |
|   |                    |                            |                      |           | !<br> <br>         |              | ousand                |           |              |              |                    |                                      |
| Assets owned by the Company Tangible Assets   | ß                  |                            | VII                  | М         |                    | 1            |                       |           |              |              | 1                  | 1 10 7                               |
| Free hold land                                | 344,088            | ٠                          |                      |           | 344,088            |              | ٠                     | ٠         | •            |              |                    | 344,088                              |
| Factory building- on free hold land           | 36,952             | 7,175                      |                      |           | 104,127            | 10%          | 60,801                | ٠         | •            | 3,959        | 64,760             | 39,367                               |
| Office building- on free hold land            | 817                |                            |                      | •         | 817                | 2%           | 721                   |           | •            | 5            | 726                | 94                                   |
| Plant and machinery                           | 261,577            | 19,018                     |                      |           | 280,595            | 10%          | 183,629               | ٠         | •            | 8,333        | 191,962            | 88,633                               |
| Electric installation and equipment           | 27,550             | 8                          |                      |           | 27,641             | 10%          | 18,708                | •         | •            | 891          | 19,599             | 8,042                                |
| Fire fighting equipment                       | 78                 | •                          |                      |           | 78                 | 10%          | 52                    | ٠         | •            | es           | 58                 | 83                                   |
| Service and other equipment                   | 280                |                            | •                    |           | 280                | 10%          | 35                    | •         | •            | es           | 85                 | 32                                   |
| Office equipment                              | 6,541              | 73                         |                      | •         | 6,614              | 10%          | 4,320                 | •         | •            | 239          | 4,549              | 2,065                                |
| Laboratory equipment                          | 3,958              | •                          |                      |           | 3,958              | 10%          | 3,400                 | ٠         | •            | 95           | 3,456              | 205                                  |
| Permanent and special equipment               | 261                |                            |                      |           | 261                | 10%          | 248                   |           |              | -            | 249                | 12                                   |
| Furniture, fixtures and fittings              | 1,529              | •                          |                      |           | 1,529              | 10%          | 1,110                 | ٠         | •            | 42           | 1,152              | 377                                  |
| Vehicles                                      | 15,572             | •                          | 216                  |           | 15,356             | 20%          | 13,111                | 209       | •            | 492          | 13,394             | 1,962                                |
| Railway siding                                | 417                |                            |                      |           | 417                | 10%          | 411                   | ٠         |              |              | 412                | 9                                    |
| Cycles and scooters                           | F                  | •                          | •                    |           | 11                 | 20%          | 19                    | •         |              | 2            | 93                 | <b>\$</b>                            |
| Arms and ammunition                           | 141                |                            |                      |           | 141                | 10%          | 88                    | •         | •            | 1            | 72                 | 69                                   |
| Fumace  | 197                | •                          | •                    |           | 197                | 10%          | 168                   |           |              | to.          | 171                | 92                                   |
| 30 June 2020<br>Right-of use assets           | 760,335            | 26,357                     | 216                  |           | 786,476            |              | 287,356               | 508       |              | 14,027       | 301,174            | 485,302                              |
| Vehides                                       | 1,309              | •                          | ٠                    | ٠         | 1,309              | 20%          | 596                   | •         | •            | 202          |                    |                                      |
| Office building Total Accets ac on 30-06-2020 | - 761 644          | 23 174                     | . %                  |           | 794 452            | 33 1/3 %*    | 287 652               | . 80      |              | 2,222        | 2,222              | 4,445                                |
|   | to io              | - Tarian                   |                      |           | TOLINO!            |              | 100,101               |           |              | Orto.        |                    |                                      |

32

-hote -hote

30 June 2021 30 June 2020 Rupees In thousand

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

16.3 The depreciation charged for the year has been allocated as follows:

Cost of sales Administrative expenses

164. The Company has evalued its freehold land on Jure 30, 1990, Jure 9, 2008, And 16, 2012, April 26, 2016 and May 15, 2019 and May 16, 2019 and May 18, 2019

Had there been no revaluation, the cost of freehold land would have been as follows:

Accumulated Net book value as at depreciation June 30, 2021 Cost

Forced Sale Value of the Freehold land based on valuation conducted on May 15, 2019 was Rs. 292,475,000.

Freehold land

Particulars of Immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of the Company are as follows: 16.6

Covered Area (In sq.ft)

159,391

14.337

Manufacturing facility

16.7 Particulars of property, plant and equipment disposed of during the year are as follows.

19 Kilometer, Shahrah e-Pakistan, Kala Shah Kaku, District Sheikhupura

Particulars of purchaser Mode of disposal Galn / (Loss) Sale price Net book value 30 June 2021 Cost

435 136

Mr. Ali Danish Khan House No. 99, Wapda Town, Sector -B/4, Lahore

Negotiation

378

435

22

136

193

Vehicles

Total

Mr.Muhammad Naeem Akhter Lajpai road, Sabar town shahdra , Lahore 35202-9424021-Particulars of purchaser Negotiation Mode of disposal 833 Galn / (Loss) 540 Sale price Net book value 30 June 2020 209 216 216 Sost

Vehicles

The above mentioned purchasers has no relationship with the Company or any of its directors

Total

| •        | ~    |
|----------|------|
| STATEME  | S    |
| -        |      |
| =        | S    |
| -        |      |
| =        |      |
| 93       | 3    |
| _        |      |
| -        | -    |
| FINANCAL | _    |
| -5       | щ    |
| -        | ESE  |
| ℼ        | •    |
|          |      |
| 뿔        | YEAR |
| _        | - 55 |
|          | -    |
| 2        |      |
|          | 岸    |
| 92       | =    |
| _        |      |
| 0        | =    |
| NOTES    | ĕ    |
| _        |      |
|          |      |

|                        | € I                         | 30 June 2021 30<br> | 30 June 2020<br>and |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Plant and<br>Machinery | Building and<br>Civil Works | Total               |                     |
| 4,892                  |                             | 11,397              | 13,188              |
| (2,000)                | 2,000                       | •                   | ٠                   |
| 10,791                 |                             | 26,966              | 16,911              |
| 13,683                 | 24,680                      | 38,363              | 30,099              |
| (12,284)               | (23,681)                    | (32,965)            | (18,702)            |
| 1,399                  | 666                         | 2,398               | 11,397              |

17 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

|                   |                    | COST                    |                       |                                  | AMORTISATION |                       |                                      |             |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| PARTICULAR        | As at 30 June 2020 | Additions / (Deletions) | As at 30 June<br>2021 | As at 30 June As at 30 June 2021 | For the year | As at 30 June<br>2021 | Net book value as at<br>30 June 2021 | Annual Rate |
|                   |                    |                         | 1                     | Rupees in thousand—              | 1            |                       |                                      |             |
| Computer software | 70                 |                         | 02                    | 02                               |              | 02                    |                                      | 20%         |
| 30 June 2021      | 02                 |                         | 02                    | 02                               |              | 02                    |                                      |             |
| 30 June 2020      | 02                 |                         | 70                    | 02                               | ,            | 07                    |                                      |             |

17.1 The inlangible asset has been fully amortized.

| Deferred tax of Taxable temp. Accelerated to Right-of-use a Deductible temp. Minimum tax Lease liabilities.  Deferred tax of at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate.  20.1 It is impracticated. Stores, spare Packing mate.  20.2 Stores, spare. No item of stores. Stores, spare. No item of stores. Stores, spare. No item of stores. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. No item of stores. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. Store | TAXATION  on temporary differences comprises of:  nporary differences tax depreciation assets  temporary differences temporary diffe |                                   | aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021 Rupees in thousa   | 255<br>-<br>255<br>15,887<br>1,276<br>17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>-<br>n recognized as |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Deferred tax of Taxable terms. Accelerated to Right-of-use a Deductible to Minimum tax of Lease liabilities. Deferred tax of at Jun 30, 202.  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate.  20.1 It is impracticated. Stores, spare Packing mate.  20.2 Stores, spare. No item of stores. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. Packing mate. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. Stor | TAXATION  on temporary differences comprises of:  nporary differences tax depreciation assets  temporary differences temporary diffe | 020 : Rs. 5.468 million) due to m | 15,839 2,171 18,010 15,687 2,323  | 15,887<br>1,276<br>17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>  |
| Deferred tax of Taxable terms. Accelerated to Right-of-use a Deductible to Minimum tax of Lease liabilities. Deferred tax of at Jun 30, 202.  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate.  20.1 It is impractical.  20.2 Stores, spare. Stores, spare. Packing mate.  20.3 No item of stores. STOCK-IN-Till.  Raw material. Work in proce. Finished good. Gelatine. Ossein dried.   | TAXATION  on temporary differences comprises of:  nporary differences tax depreciation assets  temporary differences temporary diffe | 020 : Rs. 5.468 million) due to m | 15,839 2,171 18,010 15,687 2,323  | 15,887<br>1,276<br>17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>  |
| Deferred tax of Taxable temp. Accelerated to Right-of-use a Deductible temp. Accelerated to Minimum tax. Lease liabilities.  Deferred tax of at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate.  20.1 It is impracticated. Stores, spare Packing mate.  20.2 Stores, spare. No item of stores. Stores, spare. No item of stores. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. No item of stores. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare. Stores, spare. On item of stores. Stores, spare.  | TAXATION  on temporary differences comprises of: nporary differences tax depreciation assets  temporary differences a credits ies  asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2) 21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not   | 020 : Rs. 5.468 million) due to m | 15,839 2,171 18,010 15,687 2,323 - ninimum tax credits have not beer aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021Rupees in thousa | 15,887<br>1,276<br>17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>-<br>n recognized as                    |
| Deferred tax of Taxable temp. Accelerated to Right-of-use a Deductible to Minimum tax Lease liabilities. Deferred tax a at Jun 30, 202 20 20 STORES, SPACE Packing mate. 20.1 It is impracticated to STOCK-IN-TI Raw material Work in proceptinished good Gelatine Ossein drief.   | on temporary differences comprises of: nporary differences tax depreciation assets temporary differences coredits ies asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2) 21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not  |                                   | 15,839 2,171 18,010 15,687 2,323 - ninimum tax credits have not beer aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021Rupees in thousa | 15,887<br>1,276<br>17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>-<br>n recognized as                    |
| Deferred tax of Taxable temp. Accelerated to Right-of-use a Deductible to Minimum tax Lease liabilities. Deferred tax a at Jun 30, 202 20 20 STORES, SPACE Packing mate. 20.1 It is impracticated to STOCK-IN-TI Raw material Work in proceptinished good Gelatine Ossein drief.   | on temporary differences comprises of: nporary differences tax depreciation assets temporary differences coredits ies asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2) 21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not  |                                   | 2,171 18,010 15,687 2,323 - ninimum tax credits have not beer aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021                        | 1,276<br>17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>  |
| Taxable temp Accelerated to Right-of-use a  Deductible te Minimum tax of Lease liabilities  Deferred tax of at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impractical 20.2 Stores, spare 20.3 No item of store STOCK-IN-Ti Raw material Work in proce Finished good Gelatine Ossein drie  | tax depreciation assets  temporary differences temporary differences temporary differences teredits ies  asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2) 21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not   |                                   | 2,171 18,010 15,687 2,323 - ninimum tax credits have not beer aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021                        | 1,276<br>17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>  |
| Accelerated to Right-of-use a Deductible to Minimum tax Lease liabilities  Deferred tax a at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impracticated to Stores, spare Packing mate  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of stores are stored to Stores and stores are spare packing material work in processing spare processing spare packing material work in processing spare packing material work in processing spare packing material work in processing spare packing packing spare packing s | tax depreciation assets  temporary differences credits lies  asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2 1)21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not 1)21 PARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS  |                                   | 2,171 18,010 15,687 2,323 - ninimum tax credits have not beer aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021                        | 1,276<br>17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>  |
| Pight-of-use a  Deductible te Minimum tax of Lease liabilities  Deferred tax a at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impracticate 20.2 Stores, spare 20.3 No item of store  STOCK-IN-Ti  Raw material Work in proce Finished good Gelatine Ossein drie   | assets  temporary differences t credits ies  asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2) 21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not   |                                   | 2,171 18,010 15,687 2,323 - ninimum tax credits have not beer aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021                        | 1,276<br>17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>  |
| Deductible to Minimum tax in Lease liabilities  Deferred tax a at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impractical stores, spare Packing mate  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of stores are stored work in proceptions of the proception | temporary differences c credits ies c asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2) 21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not  |                                   | 18,010 15,687 2,323   | 17,163<br>15,712<br>1,451<br>-<br>n recognized as                                       |
| Minimum tax Lease liabilities  Deferred tax a at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impractical  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of stores, spare  21 STOCK-IN-Ti  Raw material Work in proceptinished good Gelatine Ossein drie  | c credits ies asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2 )21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not  |                                   | 15,687 2,323  | 15,712<br>1,451<br>-<br>n recognized as   |
| Minimum tax Lease liabilities  Deferred tax a at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impractica  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of stores are stored work in proceptions of the stores of the sto | c credits ies asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2 )21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not  |                                   | 2,323   | 1,451<br>-<br>n recognized as   |
| Deferred tax a at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impractical stores, spare Packing mate  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of stores are stores as a spare packing material work in processions of the stores are stores as a spare packing material work in processions of the stores are stores as a spare packing material work in processions are stores at the stores store | ies asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2) 21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not  |                                   | 2,323   | 1,451<br>-<br>n recognized as   |
| Deferred tax a at Jun 30, 202  20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impractical stores, spare Packing mate  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of stores are stored work in proceptinished good Gelatine Ossein drie  | asset amounting to Rs. 6.673 million (June 2) 21 as sufficient future taxable profits may not PARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS   |                                   | aninimum tax credits have not beer aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021Rupees in thousa                                   | n recognized as   |
| 20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impractica  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of store  21 STOCK-IN-TI  Raw material Work in proce Finished good Gelatine Ossein drie   | 021 as sufficient ruture taxable profits may not   |                                   | ninimum tax credits have not beer aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021Rupees in thousa                                    | n recognized as   |
| 20 STORES, SP. Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impractica  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of sto 21 STOCK-IN-TI  Raw material Work in proce Finished good Gelatine Ossein drie  | 021 as sufficient ruture taxable profits may not   |                                   | aid tax credits can be utilized.  30 June 2021 Rupees in thousa   | 30 June 2020  |
| Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impracticate  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of store  21 STOCK-IN-TI  Raw material Work in proce Finished good Gelatine Ossein drie  |  |                                   | Rupees in thousa  |   |
| Stores, spare Packing mate  20.1 It is impracticate  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of store  21 STOCK-IN-TI  Raw material Work in proce Finished good Gelatine Ossein drie  |  |                                   | Rupees in thousa  |   |
| Packing mate  20.1 It is impracticate  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of store  21 STOCK-IN-TI  Raw material Work in proces Finished good Gelatine Ossein drie   | e narte and loose tools  |                                   |   |   |
| Packing mate  20.1 It is impracticate  20.2 Stores, spare  20.3 No item of store  21 STOCK-IN-TI  Raw material Work in proces Finished good Gelatine Ossein drie   |  |                                   |   | 440.045   |
| <ul> <li>20.1 It is impractical</li> <li>20.2 Stores, spare</li> <li>20.3 No item of stores</li> <li>21 STOCK-IN-TI</li> <li>Raw material Work in proceed Finished good Gelatine Ossein dried</li> </ul>   |  |                                   |   | 113,315   |
| <ul> <li>20.2 Stores, spare</li> <li>20.3 No item of sto</li> <li>21 STOCK-IN-TI</li> <li>Raw material Work in proce</li> <li>Finished good</li> <li>Gelatine</li> <li>Ossein drie</li> </ul>  | eriai  |                                   | 1,124<br>108,211  | 1,053<br>114,368  |
| Work in proce<br>Finished good<br>Gelatine<br>Ossein drie  | e parts and loose tools are generally held for intores, spare parts and loose tools is pledged a   |                                   |   | 30 June 2020  |
| Work in proce<br>Finished good<br>Gelatine<br>Ossein drie  |  |                                   | Rupees in thousa  | ind   |
| Work in proce<br>Finished good<br>Gelatine<br>Ossein drie  | 1  |                                   | 355,090   | 248,160   |
| Finished good<br>Gelatine<br>Ossein drie   |  |                                   | -   | 48,013  |
| Gelatine<br>Ossein dri   |  |                                   |   | 10,010  |
| Ossein drie  |  |                                   | 34.047  | 11,023  |
|  |  |                                   | 41,954  | ,   |
|  | duct Di-calcium Phosphate (DCP)  | -note- 21.1                       | 29  | 1,360   |
|  |  |                                   | 76,030  | 12,383  |
|  |  |                                   | 431,120   | 308,556   |
| 21.1 The entire sto  |  | ried at net realizable value.     |   |   |
| 21.2 No item of sto  | ock of by-product di-calcium phosphate is can  |                                   |   |   |
|  |  | eporting date.                    |   |   |
| 22 TRADE DEB   | tock-in-trade is pledged as security as at the re  | eporting date.                    |   |   |
| Considered (   | tock-in-trade is pledged as security as at the re  | eporting date.                    |   |   |
| Unsecured - k  | tock-in-trade is pledged as security as at the re  | eporting date.                    |   |   |
|  | tock-in-trade is pledged as security as at the reasts  | eporting date.                    | 8,622<br>8,622  | 7,477<br>7,477  |

| 23   | ADVANCES   |             | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees in thou | 30 June 2020<br>sand |
|------|--|-------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
|      | Considered good:   |             |                                |                      |
|      | Advances:  |             |                                |                      |
|      | To staff - secured   | -note- 23.1 | 1,257                          | 920                  |
|      | To suppliers - unsecured   |             | 1,074<br>2,331                 | 434<br>1,354         |
| 23.1 | These are amounts advanced to staff against future salaries a interest free. None of the advances related to executives and di |             | are in accordance with Compa   | ny policy and are    |
| 24   | TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS  |             | 30 June 2021                   | 30 June 2020         |
|      |  | -1- 40      | napoto iii iiioa               | ou                   |
|      | Current portion of long term deposits Prepayments  | -note- 18   | 686                            | 1,539                |
|      |  |             | 686                            | 1,539                |
| 25   | OTHER RECEIVABLES  |             |                                |                      |
|      | Sales tax refundable   | -note- 25.1 | 26,737                         | 21,443               |
|      | Other receivables - unsecured, considered good   |             | 26,737                         | 21,443               |
| 25.1 | This represents excess of input tax on purchases over sales tax  | x payable.  |                                |                      |
| 26   | ADVANCE INCOME TAX-NET   |             |                                |                      |
|      | Advance income tax   |             | 52,799                         | 46,790               |
|      | Less: Adjustment for provision for taxation  | -note- 35   | <u>(12,470)</u><br>40,329      | (9,310)              |
|      | Advance income tax at the end of the year  |             | 40,329                         | 37,480               |
| 27   | CASH AND BANK BALANCES   |             |                                |                      |
|      | With banks:  |             |                                |                      |
|      | on current accounts:   |             | 971                            | 470                  |
|      | Local currency Cash in hand  |             | 9/1<br>3,630                   | 173<br>292           |
|      | Out III I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I  |             | 4,601                          | 465                  |

| 28  | SALES - NET  |   |                        | 0 June 2020        |
|-----|--|---|------------------------|--------------------|
|     |  |   | Rupees in thous        | and                |
|     | <u> </u>   |   | ***                    | 450044             |
|     | Export sales   | -note- 28.1                                 | 368,639                | 152,341            |
|     | Local sales  | -note- 28.2                                 | 572,876<br>941,515     | 508,547            |
|     |  |   | 941,515                | 660,888            |
| 28. | 1 Export sales   |   | ***                    | 440.440            |
|     | Gelatine   |   | 368,639                | 146,149            |
|     | Di-Calcium Phosphate, by-product   |   | 368,639                | 6,192<br>152,341   |
|     |  | <del>-</del>                                |                        | 102,011            |
| 28. | 2 Local sales  |   | 400 704                | 400 400            |
|     | Gelatine   |   | 409,794                | 403,462<br>139,205 |
|     | Di-Calcium Phosphate, by-product   |   | 208,712<br>618,506     | 542,667            |
|     | Less: sales tax  |   | 45,630                 | 34,120             |
|     | trade discounts  |   | 40,000                 | 34,120             |
|     | and diodounto  |   | 45,630                 | 34,120             |
|     |  |   | 572,876                | 508,547            |
|     |  | -   |                        |                    |
| 29  | COST OF SALES  |   |                        |                    |
|     | Raw material consumed  | -note- 29.1                                 | 463,744                | 259,409            |
|     | Semi - finished product purchased  | 11000 20.1                                  | 2,450                  | 26,040             |
|     | Stores, spare parts and loose tools consumed                                     |   | 22,062                 | 19,873             |
|     | Packing material consumed  |   | 6,369                  | 4,428              |
|     | Salaries, wages and benefits   | -note- 29.2                                 | 84,142                 | 76,272             |
|     | Fuel and power   |   | 213,203                | 138,745            |
|     | Factory overheads  | -note- 29.3                                 | 60,294                 | 51,507             |
|     |  | _   | 852,264                | 576,274            |
|     | Add: opening work in process   |   | 48,013                 | 28,250             |
|     | Less: closing work in process  | L   |                        | 48,013             |
|     | 0-4-6  | <u> </u>                                    | 48,013                 | (19,763)           |
|     | Cost of goods manufactured   |   | 900,277                | 556,511            |
|     | Add: opening stock of finished goods Less: closing stock of finished goods       |   | 12,383    <br>76,030   | 14,912<br>12,383   |
|     | Less. closing stock of infished goods  | L   | (63,647)               | 2,529              |
|     |  |   | 836,630                | 559,040            |
| 29. | Raw material consumed  | =   |                        |                    |
|     | Opening stock  |   | 248,160                | 157,044            |
|     | Purchases  |   | 570,674                | 350,525            |
|     |  | _   | 818,834                | 507,569            |
|     | Less: closing stock  |   | 355,090                | 248,160            |
|     |  |   | 463,744                | 259,409            |
| 29. | 2 Salaries, wages and benefits include employer's contributed Rupees 2,074,634). | tion to recognised provident fund amounting | to Rupees 2,460,209 (J | une 30, 2020:      |
| 29. | 3 Factory overheads  |   | 30 June 2021 3         | 0 June 2020        |
|     |  | •   | Rupees in thous        | and                |
|     | Indirect labour wages  |   | 16,370                 | 15,111             |
|     | Insurance  |   | 2,304                  | 2,464              |
|     | Medical expenses   |   | 82                     | 309                |
|     | Repair and maintenance   |   | 8,945                  | 6,122              |
|     | Depreciation   | -note- 16.3                                 | 14,610                 | 13,247             |
|     | Loading and unloading  | 20.4  | 4,489                  | 2,212              |
|     | Apportionment of sales tax   | -note- 29.4                                 | 8,847                  | 10,644             |
|     | Miscellaneous expenses   | _   | 4,647                  | 1,398<br>51,507    |
|     |  | _   | 60,294                 | 31,507             |

29.4 This represents related input tax on supplies exempt under sixth schedule of the Sales Tax Act, 1990.

| 30   | OTHER INCOME   |   | 30 June 2021                  | 30 June 2020     |
|------|--|---|-------------------------------|------------------|
|      |  |   | Rupees in the                 | ousand           |
|      | Income from financial instruments:                                       |   |                               |                  |
|      | Foreign exchange gain - net  |   | 567                           | _                |
|      | Amortization of government grant   |   | 1,502                         | 77               |
|      | Misc Income  |   | 972                           | -                |
|      | Income from non-financial assets:  |   |                               |                  |
|      | Gain on disposal of fixed asset  |   | 378                           | 534              |
|      |  |   | 3,419                         | 611              |
| 31   | DISTRIBUTION COST  |   |                               |                  |
| 31   | DISTRIBUTION COST  |   |                               |                  |
|      | Shipping expenses  |   | 5,617                         | 2,462            |
|      | Commission on exports  |   | 1,525                         | 1,749            |
|      | Other expenses   |   | 3,058                         | 1,740            |
|      |  |   | 10,200                        | 5,951            |
| 32   | ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES  |   |                               |                  |
|      |  |   |                               |                  |
|      | Salaries, wages and benefits   | -note- 32.1                                 | 30,780                        | 31,207           |
|      | Insurance  |   | 357                           | 239              |
|      | Vehicle running and maintenance  |   | 6,516                         | 6,909            |
|      | Rent, rates and taxes  |   | 1,114                         | 1,101            |
|      | Travelling and conveyance  |   | 585                           | 437              |
|      | Legal and professional charges   |   | 495                           | 795              |
|      | Printing and stationery  |   | 647                           | 381              |
|      | Fees and subscription  |   | 914                           | 1,803            |
|      | Telephone and postage  |   | 832                           | 992              |
|      | Repair and maintenance   |   | 377                           | 500              |
|      | Auditors' remuneration   | -note- 32.2                                 | 916                           | 915              |
|      | Entertainment  | 11010 02.12                                 | 810                           | 1,131            |
|      | Utilities  |   | 769                           | 953              |
|      | Depreciation   | -note- 16.3                                 | 3,306                         | 3,204            |
|      | Amortisation   | -note- 17                                   | 5,500                         | 3,204            |
|      | Security expenses  | -100- 17                                    | 2,783                         | 2,699            |
|      | Miscellaneous expenses   |   | 432                           | 1,421            |
|      | Miscellarieous experises   |   | 51,633                        | 54,687           |
|      |  |   | 51,033                        | 54,067           |
| 32.1 | Salaries, wages and benefits include employer's contribution 1,140,686). | tion to recognised provident fund amounting | to Rupees 972,668 (June       | 30, 2020: Rupees |
| 32.2 | Auditors' remuneration   |   | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees in the | 30 June 2020     |
|      |  |   | Rupees in the                 | Jusaliu          |
|      |  |   |                               |                  |

| 32.2 | Auditors' remuneration                                      |             | 30 June 2021 | 30 June 2020 |
|------|---|-------------|--------------|--------------|
|      |   |             | Rupees in th | ousand       |
|      | Audit fee   |             | 700          | 700          |
|      | Fee for half yearly limited review of Financial information |             | 140          | 140          |
|      | Special reports and certifications                          |             | 60           | 60           |
|      | Out of pocket expenses                                      |             | 16           | 15           |
|      |   |             | 916          | 915          |
| 33   | OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES                                    |             |              |              |
|      | Workers' Profit Participation Fund                          | -note- 12.3 | 1,004        | 622          |
|      | Workers' Welfare Fund -Current Year                         |             | 595          | 229          |
|      | Workers' Welfare Fund -Prior Years                          |             | 171          | -            |
|      | Donations   | -note- 33.1 | 35           | -            |
|      | Foreign exchange loss - net                                 |             |              | 806          |
|      |   |             | 1,805        | 1,657        |

<sup>33.1</sup> None of the directors or their spouses had any interest in the donees in respect of donations made by the Company.

| FINANCE COST                       |   | 30 June 2021  | 30 June 2020  |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|
|                                    |   | Rupees in the   | ousand  |
| Mark-up/interest on:               |   |   |   |
| Short term borrowings              |   | 20,678  | 25,964  |
| Long term finance                  |   | 2,106   | 108   |
| Workers' Profit Participation Fund | -note- 12.3   | 229   | 346   |
| Bank charges and commission        |   | 2,541   | 1,498   |
| Lease liabilities                  |   | 864   | 1,010   |
|                                    |   | 26,418  | 28,926  |
| TAXATION                           |   |   |   |
| Current-for the year               |   | 12,470  | 9,310   |
| -for prior years                   |   | 774   | -   |
|                                    |   | 13,244  | 9,310   |
| Deferred-current year              |   |   | -   |
| - effect of change in tax rate     |   | -   |   |
|                                    |   |   |   |
|                                    |   | 13,244  | 9,310   |
|                                    | Mark-up/interest on: Short term borrowings Long term finance Workers' Profit Participation Fund Bank charges and commission Lease liabilities  TAXATION  Current-for the year -for prior years  Deferred-current year | Mark-up/interest on: Short term borrowings Long term finance Workers' Profit Participation Fund Bank charges and commission Lease liabilities  TAXATION  Current-for the year -for prior years  Deferred-current year | Mark-up/interest on:   Short term borrowings   20,678     Long term finance   2,106     Workers' Profit Participation Fund   -note- 12.3   229     Bank charges and commission   2,541     Lease liabilities   864     TAXATION |

The provision for current taxation has been made on minimum tax under Section 113 and Section 154 for income from export sales under fixed tax 35.1 regime of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Therefore, a numeric tax rate reconciliation has not been included in these financial statements.

- 35.2 The Income Tax assessments of the Company are complete upto tax year 2020, as deemed assessments in terms of Section 120(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (The Ordinance) as per income tax returns of the Company.
- 35.3 Finance Act 2019 has fixed the corporate tax rate for Companies at 29% for current as well as future tax years. Deferred tax has been measured at the rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when those are expected to reverse based on the rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

| 36 | EARNING / (LOSS) PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED   |               | 30 June 2021 | 30 June 2020<br>ousand |
|----|--|---------------|--------------|------------------------|
|    | There was no dilutive effect on basic earnings per share of the Company which is based on: |               |              |                        |
|    | Profit after taxation attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company                 |               | 5,004        | 1,928                  |
|    | Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year                     | No. of shares | 7,500        | 7,500                  |
|    | Earning per share  | Rupees        | 0.67         | 0.26                   |

| 7 ( | CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS                     | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees in tho | 30 June 2020<br>usand |
|-----|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| F   | Profit before taxation                             | 18,248                        | 11,238                |
| A   | Adjustments for:                                   | <u> </u>                      |                       |
|     | Depreciation                                       | 17,916                        | 16,451                |
| F   | Amortisation                                       | - 1                           | -                     |
| F   | Provision for employee retirement benefits         | 3,433                         | 3,21                  |
| F   | Finance cost                                       | 26,418                        | 28,926                |
| F   | Provision for Workers' Profit Participation Fund   | 1,004                         | 622                   |
| F   | Provision for Workers' Welfare Fund                | 766                           | 229                   |
| (   | Government grant recognised in income              | (1,502)                       | (7)                   |
| (   | Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment  | (378)                         | (53                   |
|     |  | 47,657                        | 48,83                 |
| (   | Operating profit before changes in working capital | 65,905                        | 60,07                 |
| C   | Changes in working capital                         |                               |                       |
| (   | (Increase)/decrease in current assets:             |                               |                       |
| 5   | Stores, spare parts and loose tools                | 6,157                         | (20,92                |
| 5   | Stock-in-trade                                     | (122,564)                     | (108,35               |
| ٦   | Trade debts  | (1,145)                       | 16,91                 |
| F   | Advances   | (977)                         | 63                    |
| ٦   | Trade deposits and short term prepayments          | 853                           | 23                    |
| C   | Other receivables                                  | -                             | 5                     |
| li  | Increase/(decrease) in current liabilities:        |                               |                       |
| 1   | Trade and other payables                           | 152,162                       | 75,29                 |
|     |  | 100,391                       | 23,92                 |

### 37.1 Reconcilition of movement of liabilities to cashflows arising from financing activities

| From banking companies-secured                                      | June 30, 2020 | Net<br>(decrease) /<br>Increase due<br>to cash flows | * Transfers | June 30, 2021 |
|---|---------------|--|-------------|---------------|
| From banking companies-secured                                      |               | Rupees in thousa                                     | nd          |               |
| Running Finance   |               |  |             |               |
| Bank-al-Habib Limited   | 145,960       | (87,299)   |             | 58,661        |
| Summit Bank Limited   | 29,984        | (0.,_00,   | (29,984)    | -             |
|   | 175,944       | (87,299)   | ,           | 58,661        |
| Long term finance – secured   |               |  |             |               |
| Bank Al Habib Limited   | 11,650        | 5,677  |             | 17,327        |
| Term Loan - Summit Bank Limited                                     |               | (10,509)   | 29,984      | 19,475        |
| Deferred Income-Govt, Grant   | 1,398         | (575)  |             | 823           |
|   | 13,048        | (5,407)  |             | 37,625        |
| Short Term Finance against payables                                 |               | (-,,   |             |               |
| Bank-al-Habib Limited   | 25,000        | -  |             | 25,000        |
| Short Term Finance against IBP receivables<br>Bank-al-Habib Limited | 25,000        |  |             | 25,000        |
| Export Refinance  | 1 4           |  |             |               |
| Bank-al-Habib Limited   | -             | 50,000   |             | 50,000        |
|   | 50,000        | 50,000   |             | 100,000       |
| From related parties-unsecured                                      |               |  |             |               |
| Loans from director and close relative thereof                      | 80,263        | 30,903   |             | 111,166       |
|   | 319,255       | (11,803)   |             | 307,452       |

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts inter-transferred and not included in total cashflows

| 38 | CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS |           | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees in the | 30 June 2020<br>ousand |
|----|---------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
|    | Cash and bank balances    | -note- 27 | 4,601                         | 465                    |

### 39 JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

### 39.1 Depreciation / amortisation methods, rates and useful lives

The management of the Company reassesses useful lives, depreciation method and rates for each item of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets annually by considering expected pattern of economic benefits that the Company expects to derive from that item.

### 39.2 Recoverable amounts of assets / cash generating units

The management of the Company reviews carrying amounts of its assets and cash generating units for possible impairment and makes formal estimates of recoverable amounts if there is any such indication.

### 39.3 Taxation

The Company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by appellate authorities. Instances where the Company's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingent liabilities.

### 39.4 Provisions

Provisions are based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, that is, the amount that the Company would rationally pay to settle the obligation at the reporting date or to transfer it to a third party.

### 39.5 Revaluation of freehold land

Revaluation of freehold land is carried out by independent professional valuers. Revalued amounts are determined by the reference to local market values.

### 39.6 Stock in trade/ Stores, spare parts & Loose tools

Management has made estimates for realizable amount of slow moving and obsolete stocks, stores, spare parts & Loose tools items to determine provision for slow moving and obsolete items. Any future change in the estimated realizable amounts might affect carrying amount of stocks, stores, spare parts & Loose tools with corresponding affect on amounts recognized in statement of profit or loss as provision / reversal.

### 39.7 Impairment of financial assets

The management makes judgments for estimating the allowances for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) in respect of financial assets measured at amortized cost.

### 39.8 Leases

The management uses judgments for recognition of leases under IFRS 16 and the related practical expedients thereunder.

| 40   | FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT                            |                          |                            |
|------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 40.1 | Financial instruments                                | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees i | 30 June 2020<br>n thousand |
|      | The following are financial instruments by category: |                          |                            |
|      | Financial assets at amortized cost                   |                          |                            |
|      | Security deposits                                    | 1                        | 1                          |
|      | Trade debts  | 8,622                    | 7,477                      |
|      | Advances   | 1,257                    | 920                        |
|      | Cash and bank balances                               | 4,601                    | 465                        |
|      |  | 14,481                   | 8,863                      |
|      | Financial liabilities at amortized cost              |                          |                            |
|      | Lease liabilities                                    | 11,193                   | 5,976                      |
|      | Long term finance                                    | 37,625                   | 13,048                     |
|      | Short term borrowings                                | 269,827                  | 306,207                    |
|      | Mark up accrued                                      | 3,411                    | 5,360                      |
|      | Trade and other payables                             | 286,587                  | 160,280                    |
|      | Unclaimed dividend                                   | 771_                     | 771                        |
|      |  | 609,414                  | 491,642                    |

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including effects of changes in foreign exchange rates, market interest rates, credit and liquidity risks associated with various financial assets and liabilities. The Board of Directors of the Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

### 40.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The carrying amounts of the financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as under:

|                   | 30 June 2021 | 30 June 2020 |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                   | Rupees i     | n thousand   |
| Security deposits | 1            | 1            |
| Trade debts       | 8,622        | 7,477        |
| Advances          | 1,257        | 920          |
| Bank balances     | 971          | 173          |
|                   | 10,851       | 8,571        |

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts amounting to Rupees 8,622 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 7.477 million) at the reporting date by geographic region is as under:

|          | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees i | 30 June 2020<br>n thousand |
|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Domestic | 8,622<br>8,622           | 7,477<br>7,477             |

The export debtor of the Company is situated in Malaysia.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts amounting to Rupees 8,622 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 7.477 million) at the reporting date by type of customer is as under:

|   | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees | 30 June 2020 in thousand |
|---|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Whole seller / distributor                                  | _                      | _                        |
| End user customers  | 8,622                  | 7,477                    |
|   | 8,622                  | 7,477                    |
| The aging of trade debts at the reporting date is as under: |                        |                          |
|   | 30 June 2021           | 30 June 2020             |
|   | Rupees                 | in thousand              |
| Not past due  | 921                    | 6,990                    |
| Past due 1-30 days  | 7,539                  | 24                       |
| Past due 31-120 days  | 162                    | 448                      |
| Past due 121-365 days                                       | -                      | -                        |
| More than one year  |                        | -                        |
|   | 8,622                  | 7,462                    |

The Company continuously monitors the credit exposure towards the customers and makes provisions against those balances considered doubtful of recovery. The Company manages credit risk by limiting significant exposure to individual customers and obtaining advances against sales. Based on historic record the Company believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of trade debts past due amounts. Further, bank balances are held only with reputable banks with high quality credit ratings. The short term and long term credit ratings as determined by PACRA and JCR-VIS are as follows:

|                              |            | Rating    |           | 30 June 2021 | 30 June 2020 |
|------------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
|                              | Short term | Long term | Agency    | Rupees ir    | thousand     |
| Banks                        |            |           |           |              |              |
|                              |            |           |           |              |              |
| National Bank of Pakistan    | A1+        | AAA       | PACRA     | 4            | 7            |
| Bank Alfalah Limited         | A1+        | AA+       | PACRA     | 14           | 14           |
| Bank Al - Habib Limited      | A1+        | AAA       | PACRA     | 916          | 118          |
| MCB Bank Limited             | A1+        | AAA       | PACRA     | 8            | 8            |
| United Bank Limited          | A-1+       | AAA       | JCR - VIS | 27           | 24           |
| Bank Islami Pakistan Limited | A1         | A+        | PACRA     | 2            | 2            |
|                              |            |           |           | 971          | 173          |

### 40.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company closely monitors its liquidity and cash flow position. This includes maintenance of financial position liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customer. The following are contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

|                          | Carrying<br>amount | Contractual cash flows | 6 months<br>or less | 6 to 12<br>months | 2 to 5<br>years | More than<br>5 years |
|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| Lease liabilities        | 11,193             | 12,984                 | 2,534               | 2,533             | 7,917           | , V <u>.</u>         |
| Long term finance        | 37,625             | 40,395                 | 10,035              | 14,803            | 15,557          |                      |
| Short term borrowings    | 269,827            | 291,037                | 291,037             | -                 | -               | -                    |
| Mark up accrued          | 3,411              | 3,411                  | 3,411               | -                 | -               | -                    |
| Trade and other payables | 286,587            | 286,587                | 286,587             | -                 | -               | -                    |
| Unclaimed dividend       | 771                | 771                    | 771                 | -                 | -               | -                    |
| Rupees in thousand 2021  | 609,414            | 635,185                | 594,375             | 17,336            | 23,474          | -                    |
| Lease liabilities        | 5,976              | 7,072                  | 1,548               | 1,548             | 3,976           | _                    |
| Long term finance        | 13,048             | 13,714                 | 228                 | 3,444             | 10,042          |                      |
| Short term borrowings    | 306,207            | 308,045                | 308,045             | -                 | -               | -                    |
| Mark up accrued          | 5,360              | 5,360                  | 5,360               | -                 | -               | -                    |
| Trade and other payables | 160,280            | 160,280                | 160,280             | -                 | -               | -                    |
| Unclaimed dividend       | 771                | 771                    | 771                 | -                 | -               | -                    |
| Rupees in thousand 2020  | 491,642            | 495,242                | 476,232             | 4,992             | 14,018          |                      |

The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of mark up rates effective as at 30 June. The rates of mark up have been disclosed in notes 9, 10.1, 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.4, 14.5 and 14.8 to these financial statements.

### 40.4 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and the liquidity in the market. The Company is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk only.

### 40.4.1 Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on trade debts Rupees nill million (June 30, 2020: Rupees nill) and contract liabilities Rupees 18.810 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 0.699 million) that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the Company. The Aggregate exposure of statement of financial position to currency risk works out to be 18.810 million (June 30, 2020: Rupees 0.699 million). The currencies in which these transactions primarily denominated are US Dollar, Euro and Pound.

|   | Average | rates  | Reporting da | ate rate |
|---|---------|--------|--------------|----------|
|   | 2021    | 2020   | 2021         | 2020     |
| Significant exchange rates applied during the year: |         |        |              |          |
| US Dollar   | 215.28  | 156.43 | 157.13       | 167.98   |
| Euro  | 160.02  | 172.96 | 187.04       | 188.43   |
| Pound   | 190.74  | 198.92 | 217.62       | 206.32   |

### Sensitivity analysis

A 10 percent strengthening of the Rupee against above mentioned currencies at 30 June would have increased profit for the year by Rupees 1,881,019 ( June 30, 2020: Rupees 69,782) mainly as a result of net foreign exchange gain on translation of foreign currency contract liabilities. The analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. A 10 percent weakening of the Rupee against above currencies at 30 June would have had the equal but opposite effect on the profit or loss, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

### 40.4.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposure arises from short term borrowings from banks. At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's variable interest bearing financial instruments is given below:

The variable rate financial liabilities as at June 30, 2021 aggregated to Rupees 186.349 million (June 30, 2020: 226.809 million) and fixed rate liabilities aggregated to Rupees 21.131 million (June 30, 2020: 18.159 million). The Company does not account for fixed rate financial assets at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect the statement of profit or loss and the equity of the Company. A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have (decreased) / increased the loss / profit for the year by the amounts shown below. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2020.

|   | Profit    | & loss   |
|---|-----------|----------|
|   | 100 bp    | 100 bp   |
|   | increase  | decrease |
|   | Rupees ir | thousand |
| As at June 30, 2021                               |           |          |
| Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments | (136)     | 136      |
| As at June 30, 2020                               |           |          |
| Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments | (165)     | 165      |

### 40.5 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair Value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

A financial Instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The Company classifies fair value measurements and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements of fair value. Fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability either directly (i.e. as prices), or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unadjusted) inputs.

Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

### 40.6 Fair value measurement - non-financial assets

### (i) Fair value hierarchy

Judgments and estimates are made for non-financial assets that are measured at fair value in these financial statements. To provide an indication of the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its non-financial assets into following three levels:

|                     | Level 1      | Level 2      | Level 3      | Total        |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                     | Rupees (000) | Rupees (000) | Rupees (000) | Rupees (000) |
| As at June 30, 2021 |              |              |              |              |
| Freehold land       | -            | 344,088      | -            | 344,088      |
|                     |              |              |              |              |
| As at June 30, 2020 |              |              |              |              |
| Freehold land       | -            | 344,088      | -            | 344,088      |

### (ii) Valuation techniques used in determining level 2 fair value

The Company obtains independent valuations of its freehold land at revalued amounts every three to five years. The best evidence of fair value of freehold land is current prices in an active market for similar lands.

### (iii) Valuation process

The Company engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value as detailed in note 8.2 of the financial statements.

### 41 Capital risk management

The Company's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

Consistent with others in industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of gearing ratio. The ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt represents total of long term financing, lease liabilities and short term borrowings less cash and bank balances. Total capital is calculated as equity shown in statement of financial position plus net debt. There were no major changes in the Company's management during the year and the Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirement.

|                              | 30 June 2021<br>Rupees in | 30 June 2020 thousand |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| Total borrowing              | 318,644                   | 325,231               |
| Less: Cash and bank balances | 4,601                     | 465                   |
| Net debt                     | 314,043                   | 324,766               |
| Total equity                 | 412,994                   | 407,990               |
| Total capital                | 727,037                   | 732,756               |
| Gearing ratio                | 43.19%                    | 44.32%                |

### 42 OPERATING SEGMENTS

- 42.1 These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.
- **42.2** Sales revenue from gelatine products, and di-calcium phosphate (by-product) represent 78.18. %and 21.82% (June 30, 2020: 80.86 %,and 19.14%) of the total revenue of the Company respectively.
- 42.3 All non-current assets of the Company as at June 30, 2021 are located in Pakistan.
- 42.4 Sales to Martin Dow Marker Limited is around 18.34% (2020: 26.65%), Cocoaland Industries Malaysia is around 26.68% (2020: 14.26%) and Nestle Pakistan Limited is around 8.14% (2020: 8.03%) during the year ended June 30, 2021.
- 42.5 The sales percentage by geographic region is as follows:

|             | 30 June 2021 | 30 June 2020 |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|
|             | %            | %            |
| Pakistan    | 67.70        | 76.95        |
| Malaysia    | 32.30        | 22.11        |
| Afghanistan |              | 0.94         |
|             | 100.00       | 100.00       |

# REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES 43

| Executives         | 30 June 2021 30 June 2020                       | <b>16,308</b> 13,596    | 682 559<br>16 000 14 155       | 11                |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| ector              | June 2020<br>usand                              | 1,764                   | 83                             | 1,01,             |
| Executive Director | 30 June 2021 30 June 2020<br>Rupees in thousand | 1,812                   | 1 807                          | 20,               |
| tive               | June 2020<br>Susand                             | 2,448                   | 115                            | 1,000             |
| Chief Executive    | 30 June 2021 30 June 2020Rupees in thousand     | 2,712                   | 128                            | 1                 |
|                    |   | Managerial remuneration | Contribution to provident fund | Number of Persons |

In addition to above the chief executive and the executive director are provided with free use of company maintained cars. 43.1

In addition to the above, aggregate amount charged in these financial statements in respect of directors' fee and reimbursement of expenses to Non-Executive Directors amounted to Rs. 0.9 million (2020: Rs. 0.2 million).

# TRANSACTION WITH RELATED PARTIES 4

The related parties comprise of associated company, directors of the Company and their close relatives, key management personnel and post employment contribution plan. Detail of transactions with related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangements / aggrements in place are as follows:

| Managerial remuneration See note - 43  44.2 Contribution to provident fund | Nature of relation<br>44.1 Key management personnel | Nature of transaction  Loan obtained from chief executive - Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed  Loan repaid to chief executive - Khwaja Imtiaz Ahmed  Loan obtained from close reltaive - Khwaja Ahmed Hassan  Loan repaid to close relative - Khwaja Ahmed Hassan | 30 June 2021 30 June 2020 ————Rupees in thousand————— 23,142 34,195 10,485 6,924 41,823 21,250 23,577 16,120 | June 2020<br>usand<br>34,195<br>6,924<br>21,250<br>16,120 |
|--|---|---|--|---|
|  | 44.2 Contribution to provident fund                 | Managerial remuneration Contribution to provident fund trust  | See note -<br>3,433  |   |

The outstanding balances with above related parties are included in Trade and other payables (note 12) 'Payable to Provident fund' and 'Accrued Liabilities' as at June 30, 2021 Rs. 811,240 (June 30, 2020: Rs. 735,965) and Rs. 7,523,556 (June 30, 2020: Rs. 6,379,597) respectively. Short term borrowings (note 14.10 "Short term borrowings from related parties" as at June 30, 2021 Rs. 80.263 million). 44.3

----Rupees in thousand---

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# PROVIDENT FUND 45

| Size of the fund - total assets | 179,410 | 154,297 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Percentage of investment made   | 65.56%  | 65.92%  |
| Fair value of investments       | 117,639 | 101,733 |
| Cost of investments made        | 54,016  | 53,369  |

Break up of investments in terms of amount and percentage of the size of the provident fund are as follows: 45.1

|                  | 20          | 2021   | 2                       | 2020                                |
|------------------|-------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                  | Investments | Investment as % of size of the fundRupees in | Investments<br>thousand | Investment as % of size of the fund |
| Schemes          | 51,377      | 28.64%                                       | 37,536                  | 24.33%                              |
| spu              | 1,445       | 0.81%  | 1,110                   | 0.72%                               |
| schemes of Banks | 4,014       | 2.24%  | 3,724                   | 2.41%                               |
| Bank Deposits    | 22,734      | 12.67%                                       | 22,473                  | 14.56%                              |
| curities         | 38,069      | 21.22%                                       | 36,890                  | 23.91%                              |
|                  | 117,639     | 65.57%                                       | 101,733                 | 65.93%                              |

Based on the audited financial statements of the provident fund ('the Fund') as at June 30, 2021, investments in collective investment schemes, listed equity and listed debt securities out of the Funds have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the conditions specified thereunder. 45.2

# PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION 46

| PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION                   | 30 June 2021 30 June 2020 | 30 June 2020 |
|--|---------------------------|--------------|
| Estimated plant capacity in metric tons                |                           |              |
| Gelatine (Blended / Unblended)<br>Di-calcium Phosphate | 2,000                     | 2,000        |
| Actual production in metric tons                       |                           |              |

| 159 651                        | - 117        | 2,928 2,218          | narket demand. Under utilization is also due to energy crisis, export of crushed bone out of Pakistan which has created difficulties in procurement of |
|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--|
| Gelatine (Blended / Unblended) | Ossein Dried | Di-calcium Phosphate | The actual production was as per marker raw materials.   |

2020

2021

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

# 47 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Number of employees at June 30

Permanent Contractual Average number of employees during the year

Permanent Contractual

# 48 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue on October 07, 2021 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

# 49 GENERAL

- 49.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees, unless otherwise stated.
- 49.2 Corresponding figures have been re-classified, wherever necessary, for purposes of comparison.

| IBRAR AHMED KH.  | Director                |                     |
|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| KH. IMTIAZ AHMED | Chief Executive Officer | & Managing Director |
| LAHORE           | Dated: October 07, 2021 |                     |

### **FORM 34**

### THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 (Section 227(2)(f)) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

1.1 Name of the Company

LEINER PAK GELATINE LIMITED

2.1. Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders as at

30-06-2021

| Shareholdings           |         |         |                   |  |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|--|
| 2.2 No. of Shareholders | From    | То      | Total Shares Held |  |
| 149                     | 1       | 100     | 7,119             |  |
| 225                     | 101     | 500     | 49,234            |  |
| 36                      | 501     | 1,000   | 33,646            |  |
| 111                     | 1,001   | 5,000   | 362,080           |  |
| 7                       | 5,001   | 10,000  | 49,556            |  |
| 3                       | 10,001  | 15,000  | 35,900            |  |
| 1                       | 20,001  | 25,000  | 20,800            |  |
| 1                       | 25,001  | 30,000  | 26,000            |  |
| 2                       | 30,001  | 35,000  | 61,000            |  |
| 3                       | 35,001  | 40,000  | 113,020           |  |
| 3                       | 45,001  | 50,000  | 150,000           |  |
| 2                       | 50,001  | 55,000  | 105,800           |  |
| 1                       | 65,001  | 70,000  | 65,900            |  |
| 1                       | 70,001  | 75,000  | 74,000            |  |
| 2                       | 75,001  | 80,000  | 150,960           |  |
| 1                       | 90,001  | 95,000  | 91,500            |  |
| 2                       | 105,001 | 110,000 | 211,360           |  |
| 1                       | 145,001 | 150,000 | 145,390           |  |
| 3                       | 155,001 | 160,000 | 480,000           |  |
| 2                       | 170,001 | 175,000 | 340,600           |  |
| 1                       | 200,001 | 205,000 | 202,500           |  |
| 2                       | 210,001 | 215,000 | 429,200           |  |
| 1                       | 235,001 | 240,000 | 239,000           |  |
| 1                       | 270,001 | 275,000 | 270,300           |  |
| 1                       | 300,001 | 305,000 | 304,550           |  |
| 1                       | 315,001 | 320,000 | 320,000           |  |
| 1                       | 330,001 | 335,000 | 330,020           |  |
| 1                       | 335,001 | 340,000 | 337,900           |  |
| 1                       | 365,001 | 370,000 | 370,000           |  |
| 1                       | 415,001 | 420,000 | 419,800           |  |
| 1                       | 750,001 | 755,000 | 751,765           |  |
| 1                       | 950,001 | 955,000 | 951,100           |  |
| 569                     |         |         | 7,500,000         |  |

| 2.3 Categories of Shareholders  | Shares<br>Held | Percentage          |
|---|----------------|---------------------|
| 2.3.1 Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children       | 3,385,815      | 45.1442%            |
| Associated Companies,     undertakings and related     parties. (Parent Company)    | 370,000        | 4.9333%             |
| 2.3.3 NIT and ICP   | 25             | 0.0003%             |
| 2.3.4 Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions. | 4,852          | 0.0647%             |
| 2.3.5 Insurance Companies   | 0              | 0.0000%             |
| 2.3.6 Modarabas and Mutual Funds  | 0              | 0.0000%             |
| 2.3.7 Shareholders holding 10% or more  | 1,702,865      | 22.7049%            |
| 2.3.8 General Public  |                |                     |
| a. Local<br>b. Foreign  | 3,619,050<br>0 | 48.2540%<br>0.0000% |
| 2.3.9 Others (to be specified)  |                |                     |
| Joint Stock Companies   | 117,576        | 1.5677%             |
| Pension Funds   | 2,494          | 0.0333%             |
| Other Companies   | 188            | 0.0025%             |

# LEINER PAK GELATINE LIMITED Categories of Shareholding required under Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) As on June 30, 2021

| Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties (Name Wise Detail):  1  |   |   | No. of Shares |            |  |  |
|--|---|---|---------------|------------|--|--|
| INA SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED. (CDC)   370,000   4.9333%     Mutual Funds (Name Wise Detail)     -  | Sr. No.   | Name  | Held          | Percentage |  |  |
| Mutual Funds (Name Wise Detail)         -         -         -         -           Directors and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail):         1         KH. IMTIAZ AHMED         751,765         10.0235%           2         MRS. AYESHA QASIM         172,200         2.2960%           3         MR. IJAZ AHMED KHAWAJA         304,550         4.0607%           4         MR. RASHID MINHAS         1,000         0.0133%           5         KH. IBRAR AHMED         951,100         12.6813%           6         MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ         74,000         0.9867%           7         MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC)         500         0.0067%           8         MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED         657,900         8.7720%           9         MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED         202,500         2.7000%           10         MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED         270,300         3.6040%           Executives:         657,900         8.7720%           Public Sector Companies & Corporations:         -         -         -           Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance         7,346         0.0979%           Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:     <   | Associate   | d Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties (Name Wise Detail): |               |            |  |  |
| Directors and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail):           1         KH. IMTIAZ AHMED         751,765         10.0235%           2         MRS. AYESHA QASIM         172,200         2.2960%           3         MR. IJAZ AHMED KHAWAJA         304,550         4.0607%           4         MR. RASHID MINHAS         1,000         0.0133%           5         KH. IBRAR AHMED         951,100         12.6813%           6         MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ         74,000         0.9867%           7         MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC)         500         0.0067%           8         MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED         657,900         8.7720%           9         MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED         202,500         2.7000%           10         MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED         270,300         3.6040%           Executives:         657,900         8.7720%           Public Sector Companies & Corporations:         -         -         -           Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance         7,346         0.0979%           Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:           Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed comp   | 1   | INA SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED. (CDC)                               | 370,000       | 4.9333%    |  |  |
| Directors and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail):           1         KH. IMTIAZ AHMED         751,765         10.0235%           2         MRS. AYESHA QASIM         172,200         2.2960%           3         MR. IJAZ AHMED KHAWAJA         304,550         4.0607%           4         MR. RASHID MINHAS         1,000         0.0133%           5         KH. IBRAR AHMED         951,100         12.6813%           6         MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ         74,000         0.9867%           7         MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC)         500         0.0067%           8         MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED         657,900         8.7720%           9         MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED         202,500         2.7000%           10         MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED         270,300         3.6040%           Executives:         657,900         8.7720%           Public Sector Companies & Corporations:         -         -         -           Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance         7,346         0.0979%           Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:           Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed comp   |   |   |               |            |  |  |
| 1       KH. IMTIAZ AHMED       751,765       10.0235%         2       MRS. AYESHA QASIM       172,200       2.2960%         3       MR. IJAZ AHMED KHAWAJA       304,550       4.0607%         4       MR. RASHID MINHAS       1,000       0.0133%         5       KH. IBRAR AHMED       951,100       12.6813%         6       MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ       74,000       0.9867%         7       MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC)       500       0.0067%         8       MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED       657,900       8.7720%         9       MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED       202,500       2.7000%         10       MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED       270,300       3.6040%         Executives:         657,900       8.7720%         Public Sector Companies & Corporations:       -       -       -         Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance       7,346       0.0979%         Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:         Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)         1       KH. IBRAR AHMED       751,765       10.0235%         2  | Mutual F  | unds (Name Wise Detail)   | -             | -          |  |  |
| 2 MRS. AYESHA QASIM 3 MR. IJAZ AHMED KHAWAJA 304,550 4.0607% 4 MR. RASHID MINHAS 1,000 0.0133% 5 KH. IBRAR AHMED 951,100 12.6813% 6 MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ 74,000 0.9867% 7 MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC) 8 MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 9 MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED 202,500 10 MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED 270,300 3.6040%  Executives: 657,900 8.7720%  Public Sector Companies & Corporations: Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:  Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  1 KH. IBRAR AHMED 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 3 51,100 12.6813% 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 7 51,765 10.0235% 3 KH. AHMED HASSAN 749,820 9.9976%  | Directors   | and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail):           |               |            |  |  |
| 3 MR. IJAZ AHMED KHAWAJA 4 MR. RASHID MINHAS 5 KH. IBRAR AHMED 6 MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ 7 4,000 7 MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC) 8 MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 9 MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED 10 MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED 270,300 270,300 3.6040%  Executives: 657,900 8.7720%  Executives: 657,900 8.7720%  Executives: 657,900 8.7720%  Executives: 7,346 0.0979%  Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:  Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  KH. IBRAR AHMED KH. IBRAR AHM | 1   | KH. IMTIAZ AHMED  | 751,765       | 10.0235%   |  |  |
| 4 MR. RASHID MINHAS 5 KH. IBRAR AHMED 951,100 12.6813% 6 MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ 74,000 0.9867% 7 MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC) 500 0.0067% 8 MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 9 MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED 202,500 10 MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED 270,300 3.6040%  Executives: 657,900 8.7720% Public Sector Companies & Corporations: Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance 7,346 Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:  Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  1 KH. IBRAR AHMED 951,100 12.6813% 751,765 10.0235% 3 KH. AHMED HASSAN 749,820 9.9976%  | 2   | MRS. AYESHA QASIM   | 172,200       | 2.2960%    |  |  |
| 5       KH. IBRAR AHMED       951,100       12.6813%         6       MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ       74,000       0.9867%         7       MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC)       500       0.0067%         8       MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED       657,900       8.7720%         9       MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED       202,500       2.7000%         10       MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED       270,300       3.6040%         Executives:       657,900       8.7720%         Public Sector Companies & Corporations:       -       -       -         Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance       7,346       0.0979%         Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:         Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)         1       KH. IBRAR AHMED       951,100       12.6813%         2       KH. IMTIAZ AHMED       751,765       10.0235%         3       KH. AHMED HASSAN       749,820       9.9976%  | 3   | MR. IJAZ AHMED KHAWAJA  | 304,550       | 4.0607%    |  |  |
| 6 MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ 74,000 0.9867% 7 MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC) 8 MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 657,900 8.7720% 9 MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED 202,500 2.7000% 10 MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED 270,300 3.6040%  Executives: 657,900 8.7720%  Public Sector Companies & Corporations: - Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:  Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  1 KH. IBRAR AHMED 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 3 KH. AHMED HASSAN 749,820 9.9976%   | 4   | MR. RASHID MINHAS   | 1,000         | 0.0133%    |  |  |
| 7       MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC)       500       0.0067%         8       MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED       657,900       8.7720%         9       MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED       202,500       2.7000%         10       MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED       270,300       3.6040%         Executives:       657,900       8.7720%         Public Sector Companies & Corporations:       -       -         Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance       7,346       0.0979%         Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:         Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)         1       KH. IBRAR AHMED       951,100       12.6813%         2       KH. IMTIAZ AHMED       751,765       10.0235%         3       KH. AHMED HASSAN       749,820       9.9976%   | 5   | KH. IBRAR AHMED   | 951,100       | 12.6813%   |  |  |
| 8 MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 657,900 8.7720% 9 MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED 202,500 2.7000% 10 MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED 270,300 3.6040% Executives: 657,900 8.7720% 657,900  | 6   | MR. AHMED ALI RIAZ  | 74,000        | 0.9867%    |  |  |
| 9 MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED 202,500 2.7000% 10 MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED 270,300 3.6040% Executives: 657,900 8.7720% Public Sector Companies & Corporations:  | 7   | MIAN ZIA UDIN (CDC)   | 500           | 0.0067%    |  |  |
| 10 MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED 270,300 3.6040%  Executives: 657,900 8.7720%  Public Sector Companies & Corporations:  Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance 7,346 0.0979%  Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:  Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  1 KH. IBRAR AHMED 951,100 12.6813% 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 751,765 10.0235% 3 KH. AHMED HASSAN 749,820 9.9976%  | 8   | MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED                           | 657,900       | 8.7720%    |  |  |
| Executives: 657,900 8.7720%  Public Sector Companies & Corporations:  Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance 7,346 0.0979%  Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:  Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  1 KH. IBRAR AHMED 951,100 12.6813% 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 751,765 10.0235% 3 KH. AHMED HASSAN 749,820 9.9976%  | 9   | MRS. NEELUM NAZ W/O KH. IJAZ AHMED                                | 202,500       | 2.7000%    |  |  |
| Public Sector Companies & Corporations:  Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:  Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  KH. IBRAR AHMED KH. IMTIAZ AHMED KH. IMTIAZ AHMED KH. AHMED HASSAN KH. AHMED HASSAN  | 10  | MRS. NAUSHEEN IBRAR W/O KH. IBRAR AHMED                           | 270,300       | 3.6040%    |  |  |
| Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance 7,346 0.0979% Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:  Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  1 KH. IBRAR AHMED 951,100 12.6813% 751,765 10.0235% 3 KH. AHMED HASSAN 749,820 9.9976%  | Executiv  | es:   | 657,900       | 8.7720%    |  |  |
| Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:  Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  1 KH. IBRAR AHMED 951,100 12.6813% 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 751,765 10.0235% 3 KH. AHMED HASSAN 749,820 9.9976%  | Public S  | ector Companies & Corporations:                                   | 7.            | -          |  |  |
| Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)  1 KH. IBRAR AHMED 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 3 751,765 10.0235% 3 KH. AHMED HASSAN 749,820 9.9976%  | Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance 7,346 0.0                            |   |               |            |  |  |
| 1 KH. IBRAR AHMED 951,100 12.6813% 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 751,765 10.0235% 3 KH. AHMED HASSAN 749,820 9.9976%  | Compan  | ies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Fund     | ds:           |            |  |  |
| 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 751,765 10.0235% 749,820 9.9976%  | Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail) |   |               |            |  |  |
| 2 KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 751,765 10.0235% 749,820 9.9976%  | 1   | KH. IBRAR AHMED   | 951,100       | 12.6813%   |  |  |
|  | 2   | KH. IMTIAZ AHMED  |               | 10.0235%   |  |  |
| 4 MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED 657,900 8.7720%  | 3   | KH. AHMED HASSAN  | 749,820       | 9.9976%    |  |  |
|  | 4   | MRS. NAVIDA IMTIAZ W/O KH. IMTIAZ AHMED                           | 657,900       | 8.7720%    |  |  |

All trades in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, Executives and their spouses and minor children shall also be disclosed:

S. No. NAME SALE PURCHASE

Mr. Arslan Please check at your end.



## **Form of Proxy**

The Company Secretary, Leiner Pak Gelatine Ltd. 17-G, Gulberg2, Lahore-54660

### **ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

| I/ We                    |                 |   |                    |  |
|--------------------------|-----------------|---|--------------------|--|
| of                       |                 |   | bei                | ng a member of LEINER PAK GELATINE LIMITED,          |
| holder of(No. of Shares) |                 |   | Or                 | rdinary Shares as per Share Register Folio No.       |
|                          | (1)             | No. of Shares)                            |                    |  |
|                          |                 | and/or Cl                                 | DC Participant I.I | D. No  |
| and Sub A                | Account No.     |   | hereby appoi       | nt   |
| Of                       |                 |   | ,                  |  |
| Or failing               | him             |   | of                 |  |
|                          |                 | r me /us and on my<br>er, 2021 and at any |                    | ne Annual General Meeting of the Company to be reof. |
| Signed thi               | is              | day of                                    | 2021               |  |
| WITNESS                  | SES<br>ignature |   |                    |  |
| 1. 3                     | ignature        |   |                    | Signature on   |
| N                        | ame             |   |                    | Rs. 5/-  |
| A                        | ddress          |   |                    |  |
|                          |                 |   |                    | Revenue stamp  |
| N                        | IC or           |   |                    |  |
| P                        | assport No      |   |                    | (Signature should agree with the                     |
|                          |                 |   |                    | , ,  |
| 2. <b>S</b>              | Signature       |   |                    | specimen signature registered with                   |
|                          |                 |   |                    | the Company  |
| N.                       | ame             |   |                    |  |
| A                        | ddress          | <del></del>                               |                    |  |
| N                        |                 |   |                    |  |
| P                        | assport No      |   |                    |  |
|                          |                 |   |                    |  |

### Note:

- 1. A member entitled to be present and vote at the Meeting may appoint a proxy to attend and vote for him / her. A proxy need be a member of the Company.
- 2. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the meeting.
- CDC Shareholders and there Proxies must each attach an attested photocopy of there
  National Identity Card of Passport with this proxy form.